

Das Geheimnis der Runen The secret of the runes by Guido von List 1914

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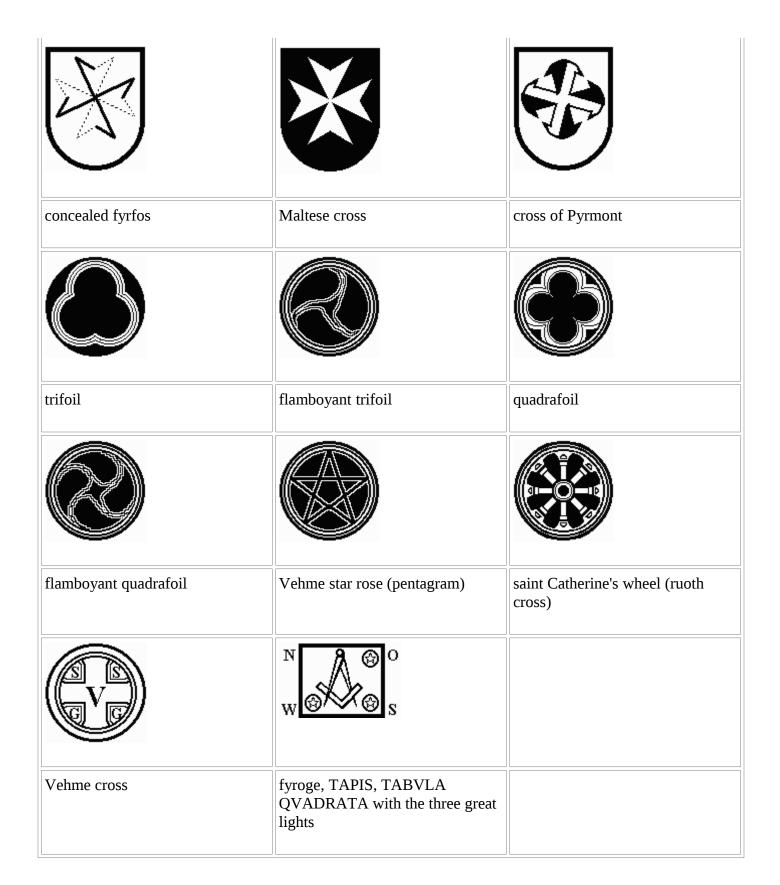


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Dedication to Friedrich Wannieck

The content of your letter delighted me very much! What you have rediscovered and brought to light is of the greatest interest. -- Whatever official science says about

it is unimportant. As Doctor Alfred Russel-Wallace says, science always opposes the discovery of new truths, and it is wrong every time! -- The true scholar may say this as well!

Brünn: 4 November 1902 Friedrich Wannieck MP. To the right honourable Herr Friedrich Wannieck! Most honourable sir and friend!

Most honourable sir and friend, I notified you early in November 1902 that during the months that my eyes were bandaged due to the cataract operation, it would be impossible to begin to work mentally on my intended unravelling of the secret of the runes, but at that time -- previously unperceived laws of generation and evolution belonging to our Aryan people, of its emotion, intellect, speech, and writing, came to me. When I reported this to you, you were gracious enough to congratulate me by letter on these discoveries. It is from this letter that I permitted myself to extract an important sentence to serve as a word of dedication for this book and at the same time as an introduction for the entire series of works containing my further investigative discoveries.

Above all, I have your encouraging interest to thank, honourable sir and friend, that I can give myself over to research and am able to dedicate myself to these almost unlimited areas of interest. If I may be allowed, let me dedicate this first publication in the series of my research results to you, most honourable sir and friend, as one of your farsighted works which has grown to maturity.

Inhighestappreciation,Yourconstantadmirer,GuidovonList.

Vienna, 0000 29 4 1907

Up until now, much too little attention has been paid to the script of our Germanic ancestors -- the runes. This is because everyone has begun from the false and baseless assumption that the Germanic peoples had no script of any kind, and that even their writing signs, the runes, had been imperfectly patterned after the Latin uncial script. All this is spite of the fact that Iulius Caesar clearly reported on the account books of the Helfetsen (not Helvetier) and their writing, which was supposed to be comparable to the Greek script.

Without attempting to give evidence here of the great antiquity of the runes, which have doubtlessly been found on bronze artefacts and pottery shards, it must be mentioned at this time that the runic futharkh (= runic ABC) (the designation futharkh is based on the first

seven runes, namely \blacksquare ; it is for this reason that the proper name is not futhark -- as it is generally and incorrectly written -- but futharkh, with the h at the end; for more about the basis of this, see the Guido von List Library number 6, The primal language of the Aryan Germanic people and their mystery language) consisted of sixteen symbols in ancient times. According to the Edda, in the Wotan's Runic Wisdom, it consisted of eighteen such signs. With these symbols anything could be written, because the Teuton did not know v or w or x, nor z, nor qu. And neither did he know c, d, nor p. V was rendered by f (Fator = father); v and w originated from u, uu, uo, or ou; x from ks or gs; z was probably pronounced, but it was written with s. Wu originated from kui or gui, c from ts, d from th (thorn). P developed from b, until later it obtained its own rune, as did other sounds which gradually received their special numbered thirty. runes, SO that soon they over

If you wish to trace the linguistic stems back to the root words of the primal German language, and then follow these back into the seed words and primal words of the original Aryan language, you must always write the stem words in runes -- or at least have this means of writing in front of you. In this way you may find the correct root, and in this endeavour the name of the rune itself will be an important aid.

Because the runes have particular names and these names are unisyllabic words, it is self evident that the runes -- in distant days of yore -- had the function of a syllabic script, actually a hieroglyphic system. This is because primal Aryan, like every primal language, was unisyllabic, and only in later times was it contracted to an alphabetic script, when the structure of the language proved the hieroglyphic or syllabic script to be too cumbersome.

Now that the runes have been recognised as word symbols of the prehistoric age, the question as to the abode of the other word symbols not contained in the runic futharkh becomes quite consequential. Even if a symbolic word script were extremely poor, which the script of the Aryan language was not, it would need to make use of many more signs than the mere thirty script glyphs. In fact, the Aryan script prescribed many hundreds of symbols, and an exceeding number of written signs, as the basis of a highly elaborate, wonderfully systematic and organically constructed hieroglyphic structure, whose existence no one before today has considered. As unbelievable as it may sound, these ancient hieroglyphs, rooted far back in the pre Christian primeval age of Teutondom and even Aryandom, stand in full bloom today. They pursue their own science, which is still practised today, and their own art, both of which have their own particular laws and stylistic tendencies. This system has a rich literature as well, but without -- and this is the tragicomic aspect -- without the guardians and conservators of this art and science having any idea what it is they are cultivating and developing! (For more details as to this: Guido von List Library number 5, The pictographic script of the Aryan Germanic people: Aryan Germanic hieroglyphics.)

Because there were, and still are, many hundreds of runic symbols, their exact number has still not been finally determined. However, out of this mass only about thirty came into use as letters in the sense of our modern writing symbols. So at this time, two main groups result from these script symbols, the letter runes and the hieroglyph runes, both of which were preserved in their unique ways, and both of which went along their own special paths of development after the separation had been completed. All of these symbols were runes, but today only the letter runes carry that designation, while the hieroglyph runes from this point forward were not recognised as actual script symbols. Because of this differentiation they will be referred to as holy signs or hieroglyphs from now on. It may be noted that the word hieroglyph was already important in early Aryan as hiroglif (concerning the primitive Aryan word hiroglif, see further details below) and it already had its meaning before the language ever existed.

The letter runes, which, for the sake of brevity, shall henceforth be referred to simply as runes, halted their development and retained not only their simple linear forms, but also their unisyllabic names. On the other hand, the holy signs were continuously developed on the basis of their old linear forms and were eventually formed into refined and richly constructed ornamentation. They also underwent many alterations in their nomenclature as the concepts which they symbolised, and still symbolise today, were expanded and perfected along with the language.

The mythic lay Wotan's runic wisdom of the Edda knows the eighteen runes as script symbols; however, they still preserve their heritage as holy signs in the same sense as the later magical characters or spirit sigils (not spirit seals!). Here, the interpretation of that

magical song is offered, that on its basis the true runic secret can be further unravelled.

No other lay of the Edda gives such clear insight into the original Aryan philosophy concerning the relationship of spirit to body, of the Nordic God to the All -- and through Aryandom brings forth so meaningfully into consciousness the recognition of the bifidic biune dyad in the microcosm and the macrocosm -- as does the Lay of the High One and Wotan's runic wisdom included in it, verses 139-165.

The perpetually and progressively evolving ego always remains through the eternal alteration, from arising, to being, and through this to passing into nonbeing, which leads to a new arising into future being; and it is in such an eternal evolutionary alteration that Wotan, like the All, and also every individual, eternally remains. This ego is indivisibly bound to the spiritual and physical, to the bifidic biune dyad, and is constant and immutable. In this way, the Lay of the High One portrays Wotan in an exalted mysticism, as the mirror image of the All, as well as of the individual.

Wotan lives in the human body in order to go under; he consecrated himself to himself, and he consecrates himself to passing away in order to rise anew. The nearer he feels himself coming to the moment of his passing away towards new arising -- his death -- the clearer the knowledge grows in him that the secret of life is an eternal arising and passing away, an eternal return, a life of continuous birth and death. This knowledge only completely comes to him at the moment of the twilight, when he sinks into the Primeval out of which he will arise again. In the moment of twilight (death) he gives one of his eyes as a pledge for higher knowledge. However, this one eye remains his property even though it has been pawned. It is recovered after his return out of the Primeval, at his rebirth, for it is actually his body, while his other eye, which he has retained, is his spirit. The physical eye (actually the body itself) that he had only temporarily given up -- but which remained his own property -reunifies itself in the moment of its return out of the Primeval -- upon rebirth -- with his other spiritual eye (his spirit). However, the primal knowledge created out of Mime's Well remains his property, the property of the All; it is the sum of the experience of thousands of generations, which is preserved and transmitted by means of writing. Thus Wotan's knowledge is exalted in death; he enriches it with the draught from Mime's primal well, as well as with the Volva of the dead and Mime's head (Mime = memory, knowledge; primal well = the mystery of the All Arising, All Being and All Passing away toward new arising; the Volva of the dead = the Earth Goddess, Death Goddess, who preserves the soulless bodies in the cemeteries, while the disembodied spirits go to Valhalla or to Hel; Mime's head = the head knowledge, that is, the primal knowledge of arising, being, and passing away to new arising of all things; these are the three levels through which Wotan became wise, that is, attained All Knowledge, and went through the mystery to true knowledge); he only appears to divide himself from the physical world -- to which he also belongs in apparent physical nonbeing -- for he truly forms the biune dyad as that which is spiritual and that which is physical, the indivisible biunity. He cannot divide his own day life from his night life (death). However, in the night life -- in apparent nonbeing -- he wins the knowledge of his eternal life. This guides him in eternal change through the transformations from arising through being toward passing away for a new arising throughout all eternity. By recognising that he becomes wise, and by means of his own life, which was consecrated to death, he found the knowledge of the world's fate, the solution of the riddle of the world, which he, eternally, will never make known to a woman or girl. And so he is himself, Wotan, and simultaneously the All, as certainly as every ego is also a nonego, or All. Thus each individual ego, each person, makes the same transformations for itself through the same levels of perception by which the understanding and deliverance of every individual is assessed as the spiritual treasure (and not as dead cognitive memories). He does not lose it even in death, and he brings it back again when he returns to the world of men in his next incarnation. (We call this spiritual

treasure, which the reborn person brings into the world, natural gifts, talents or born genius; he has a more agile spirit, which comprehends everything faster and easier than others, others who are animated by a less agile spirit, and this heightened agility is just that spiritual treasure).

For these reasons each individual ego has (for itself!) its own conception of the spiritual circumference of the idea behind these terms, according to its own spiritual treasure. Therefore, among millions of living persons, no two individuals can be found whose conceptions of divinity are exactly the same -- in spite of all dogmatic doctrines -- and so too, no two individuals are found who have the same conceptual understanding of the spiritual essence of a language and its words -- both in its details and collectively.

If such is still the case today, in spite of the fact that other languages have not attained the richness of our language, how much more must this have been true in primeval days when the vocabulary was still a small and insufficient one, and when the seers and wise men had to wring ideas symbolising expressions out of the still limited language in order to set similar conceptions free, as they themselves conceived them in their spiritual vision? They were forced to support their speech with physical motions -- the later magical gestures -- and to enforce it with certain symbolic signs, which were thought of as whispering, (raunend), that is, conveyors of meaning, and so they were called runes (Runen). The mysticism of Wotan's runic science says all this in the Eddic Lay of the High One, which portrays Wotan's sacrificial death, and which reminds us of the mystery of Golgotha in more than

At first, the lay introduces Wotan himself speaking, after which the skald, who conceived the lay, becomes the speaker and the song is ended. However, the lay begins thus:

I know how I hung on the windcold tree
nine eternal nights,
wounded by the spear consecrated to Wotan
I consecrated myself to myself -on that tree, which hides from every one
the stead from which its roots grow.
They offered me neither bread nor mead;
then I bent myself down peering;
with a lamenting shout the *runes* became known to me,
until I sank down from the tree.

After further explanatory strophes:

Nine mighty songs I learned from the great son of Bale Thorn, Bestla's sire;
I drank a measure of the wondrous mead, with the Soul Stirrer's drops I was showered.

Before long I bare fruit, and throve full well, I grew and waxed in wisdom;

word following word, I found me words, deed following deed, I wrought deeds.

You will seek hidden Runes and interpreted signs, many symbols of might and power, by the great Singer painted, by the high Powers fashioned, engraved by the Utterer of the Gods.

Odin engraved for the Gods, Daïn engraved for Elves,
Dvalin the Dallier for dwarfs,
All Wise for the Giants, and I, of myself,
engraved some for the sons of men.

Do you know how to write? Do you know how to read?

Do you know how to paint? Do you know how to prove?

Do you know how to ask? Do you know how to offer?

Do you know how to send? Do you know how to spend?

Better ask for too little than offer too much, like the gift should be the boon; better not to send than to overspend.

Thus Odin engraved before the world began. Then he rose from the deep, and came again.

the song presents characterisations of the eighteen runes with mystical interpretations. When these strophes are paired with the names of the runes, they enlighten us in a very special way, and essentially provide the solution of the secret of the runes. The following verses precede that characterisation of the runes, after which the skald goes immediately to the actual runic songs:

Before the creation of the world was Wotan's knowledge; whither he came, thither he returns; now I know the songs as no other man, and as no princely woman.



fa = fire generation, fire borer, livestock, property, to grow, to wander, to destroy,

The first promises to help helpfully in the struggle and in misery and in every difficulty.

The root word fa, which is symbolised as the primordial word in this rune, is the conceptual foundation of arising, being (doing, working, ruling), and of passing away to new arising -- and so of the transitoriness of all existence and therefore of the stability of the ego in constant transformation. This rune conceals, therefore, the skaldic solace that true wisdom only lives for the evolution of the future, while only the fool mourns over decay:

Generate your luck and you will have it!

ur = the primordial, eternity, primal fire, primal light, primal bull, primal generation, aurochs, resurrection, life after death.

I learned another, which people use who want to be doctors.

The basis of all manifestation is the Primeval. Whoever is able to recognise the cause of an event, to him the phenomenon itself does not seem to be an insoluble puzzle -- be this fortunate or unfortunate -- and therefore he is able to banish misfortune or increase luck, but also to recognise false evil and false luck as such. Therefore: Know yourself, then you will know



thurs = thunder, thunderbolt, lightning flash, thorn.

A third I know, which is good to me, as a fetter for my enemies.

I dull the swords of my opponents; neither weapon nor defence will help him.

The thorn of death is that which Wotan put the disobedient Valkyrie, Brünnhilde, into a death sleep (compare Sleeping Beauty, and so on), but in contrast to this it is also the thorn of life (phallus), with which death is conquered by rebirth. This threatening sign surely dulls the opposing weapon of the one going to his death, as well as the force of the powers of death, through a constant renewal of life in rebirth. Therefore: Preserve your ego!



os = Gods, mouth, arising, ash, ashes.

A fourth still I know, when someone throws my arms and legs into fetters: as soon as I sing it, I can go forth, from my feet fall the fetters, the hasp falls from my hands.

The mouth, the power of speech! Spiritual power working through speech (power of suggestion) bursts physical fetters and gives freedom, it itself conquers all conquerors, who only gain advantages through physical force, and it destroys all tyranny. (In the struggle for existence, the folk who always remain lasting winners are those who develop themselves with the preservation of their moral force. With the disappearance of morality, higher spiritual and intellectual rank is also lost, as history -- the final judgement -- will prove.) Therefore:

Your spiritual force makes you free!



rit = cosmic law, rat, red, wheel, rod, right, and so on.

A fifth I heard, if from a happy flight a shot flies into the host; however swiftly it flies, I will force it to stop if I can only catch it with my gaze.

The thrice hallowed Cosmic Law, the solar wheel, the primal fire itself! The exalted introspective awareness or subjectivity of the Aryans was their consciousness of their own godliness, for internity is just being with one's self, and to be with one's self is to be with the Nordic God. As long as a people possesses unspoiled their entire original internity as a natural people (the people as a natural people is not being in a savage condition, for uncivilised savages live in the bondage of the most horrible shamanism; the people as a natural people, on the contrary, stipulates a high level of culture, yet free from any kind of false sophistication), it also has no cause to worship an external divinity, for an external divine service bound by ceremony is only made obvious when one is not able to find the Nordic God in one's own innermost being, and begins to see this outside his ego and outside the world -- up there in the starry heaven. The less internal the person is, the more outward his life becomes. The more a people loses its internity, the more pompous and ceremonialised its outward manifestations become -- in the character of its government, law, and cult (all of which will begin to emerge as separate ideas). But they should remain one in the knowledge: What I believe is what I know, and so I also live it out. For this reason, the Aryan divine internity is also the basis for a proud disdain for death among the Aryans and for their limitless trust in the Nordic God and in the self, which expresses itself gloriously in the primal law of the Aryans and which has the fifth rune as its symbolic word sign. Therefore, this rune says: I am my right (rod), this right is indestructible, therefore I am indestructible. because myself right.



ka = bold, none, and so on.

A sixth is mine, if a man hurts me with the root of a strange tree; the ruin he threatened me with does not hurt me but consumes him.

The world tree Yggdrasill (for the interpretation of the concept of Yggdrasill, see below) serves in the narrower sense as the Aryan tribal tree, beside which the tribal trees of foreign races are seen as foreign trees.



The runic concept haun, kunna (maid, for example, in the name Adelgunde) demonstrates the feminine principle in the All in a purely sexual sense. The tribe, the race, is to be purely preserved; it may not be defiled by the roots of the foreign tree. If it were nevertheless to happen, however, such would be of little use to the foreign trees, because its foreign scion would grow to become its raging foe. Therefore: Your blood, your highest possession.



hagal = the All Hedge, to enclose; hail, to destroy.

A seventh I know, if I see a fire high around the housing of men; however wildly it may burn, I will bring it to rest with taming magical songs.

(Fire magic, still practised today as fire evocations.)

Hagal -- introspective awareness, the consciousness to bear his Nordic God with all his qualities within himself, produces a high self confidence in the power of the personal spirit which bestows magical power, a magical power which dwells within all persons, and a power which can persuade a strong spirit to believe in it without any doubt. Christ, who was one of these rare persons -- as was Wotan -- said: Verily, verily I say to you, if someone were to say to this stone: move yourself away! -- and he believes in it -- then this stone would lift itself away and fly into the sea. (Mark, XI:23.) Borne by this consciousness which has no doubt inherent, the chosen one controls the physical and spiritual realms, which he contains comprehensively, and thereby he feels himself to be All Powerful. Therefore: Harbour the All in yourself, and you will control the All!



not = need, Norn, compulsion of fate.

An eighth I have, surely for all most needful to use: wherever discord grows among heroes, since I know how to settle it quickly.

The need rune blooms on the nail of the Norn! This is not need (distress) in the modern sense of the word, but rather the compulsion of fate -- that the Norns fix according to primal laws. With this, the organic causality of all phenomena is to be understood. Whoever is able to grasp the primal cause of a phenomenon, and whoever gains knowledge of organically lawful evolution and the phenomena arising from it, is also able to judge their consequences just as they are beginning to ferment. Therefore, he commands knowledge of the future and also understands how to settle all strife through the constraint of the clearly recognised way of fate. Therefore: Use fate. you vour do not strive against



is = ice, iron.

A ninth I grasp, when for me need arises to protect my ship on the ocean: then I will still the storm on the rising sea and calm the swell of the wayes.

Through the consciousness, which has no doubt inherent, of personal spiritual power the waves are bound -- made to freeze -- they stiffen as if ice. But not only the waves, all of life is obedient to the compelling will. Countless examples of the Agis shield (related to the Aegis hjálmer, the helm of awe or terror, part of the Nibelungen treasure won by Sigurdhr) of Wotan, such as the Gorgon's head of the Athenians, the Agis helm, all the way down to the hunting lore and practise of causing an animal to freeze (the magic of making something freeze in hunting lore and practise is substantiated as hypnosis), and modern hypnosis, are all based on the hypnotic power of forceful will of the spirit symbolised by this ninth rune. Therefore: Win power over yourself and you will have power over everything in the spiritual and physical worlds that strives against you.



ar = sun, primal fire, Aryans, nobles, and so on.

I use the tenth, when through the air ghostly riding women fly: when I begin that magic, they will fare confused in form and effort.

The Ar, the primal fire, the sun, the light, will destroy spiritual as well as physical darkness, doubt, and uncertainty. In the sign of the Ar the Aryans -- the sons of the sun -founded their law, the primal law of the Aryans, of which the eagle (Aar) is the hieroglyph. It sacrifices itself, as it consecrates itself in a flaming death, in order to be reborn. For this reason it was called the fanisk (fan = generation, ask = arising, beginning; therefore: fanisk = the beginning of generation through rebirth; fanisk later became the phoenix, and thus is the phoenix explained; compare Wotan's rune song: I know that I hung on a wind cold tree) and later phoenix. Therefore it is read as a symbolic hieroglyph when an eagle is laid on the funeral pyre of a celebrated hero to indicate that the dead hero rejuvenatingly prepares himself in death for rebirth in order to strive for a still more glorious future life in human form in spite of all the restrictions of the powers of darkness -- all of which crumble before the Respect primal fire! Ar: the



sol = sun, salvation, victory, column, school, and so on.

An eleventh still I also know in the fight, when I lead the dear one:
I sing it into the shield and he is victorious in battle, he fares hale hither and hale home again, he remains hale everywhere.

(Upon this is based the Art of Passau, the city renowned for the practise of magic in the middle ages, of making fast, of invulnerability against any blow, stab, or shot.)

Sal and sig! -- salvation and victory (Heil und Sieg). This millenia old Aryan greeting and battlecry is also again found in a variant form in the widespread call of inspiration: alaf sal fena! (All solar salvation to him who is conscious of power, that is, able to reproduce!) This has become symbolised by the eleventh sign of the futharkh as the sig rune (victory rune):

The creative spirit must conquer!

tyr = animal, and so on; Týr, the Sun God and Sword God; Tiu, Zio, Ziu, Zeus; to generate, to turn, to conceal; thus Tarnkappe, the cap of concealment, and so on.

A twelfth I have: if on a tree there hangs a man throttled up on high, then I write some runes and the man climbs down and talks to me.

The reborn Wotan, that is, the renewed Wotan who has climbed down from the world tree after his self sacrifice, as well as the renewed fanisk (phoenix), which flies up out of the ashes, is personified in the young Sun God and Sword God, Týr. According to the rule of mysticism, every magical belief moves parallel to mythology, in that the mythic pattern is adopted in analogies to human earthly processes, in order to reach results similar to those given in the myths. While esotericism on the basis of the well-known bifidic biune dyad recognises the mystic one in the mystic many -- and therein it sees the fate of the All and hence of every individual -- in eternal change from passing away to rebirth. As Wotan returned after his self sacrifice -- which is to be understood not merely as his death, but rather as his whole life -- in a renewed body, so also does every single person return after every life in human form with a renewed body through a rebirth -- which is equally a self sacrifice. For this reason, tar means to generate, to live, and to pass away -- and therefore Týr is the reborn young sun. So too is the twelfth rune at the same time a victory rune, and hence it is carved into sword blades and spearheads as a sign to give victory. It shall be said: Fear death it cannot kill you!



bar = birth, song folk song, folk, German, bier, and so on.

A thirteenth I name, I sprinkle the son of a noble in the water of life; when he goes into battle, he cannot fall, no sword may strike him to the ground.

In the bar rune the spiritual life in the All, the eternal life in which human life between birth and death means but one day, stands in contrast to this day in the life in human form, which goes from bar (birth) through bar (life as a song) to bar (bier, death), and which is sanctified and charmed by the water of life in the baptism. This (day in the) life is bounded by birth and death, and even if destiny has not at once appointed a sword death for the bairn -- he is still exposed to this and many another danger. For in spite of the determination and dispensation of destiny, dark chance (chance! -- actually there is no such thing as chance, for all events without exception are in the great web of fate -- as warp and woof -- all well ordered, but what concerns woof, the cross weave, is even for clairvoyants only visible with difficulty; the recognisable straight warp of the effects of earlier causes, effects that are always in turn other causes that trigger coming effects -- which again form causes that trigger effects, in an unending genetic series -- is visible and calculable to seers and initiates; however, it is difficult to tell ahead of time the effects of the woof of the fate of other egos or whole groups of them, and to tell when they will touch, cross, or otherwise influence our woof of fate; these work on our woof of fate -- which is comparable to the woof in a fabric, like the woof or cross weave in such a fabric, and because these incalculable influences often suddenly and unexpectedly disturb our own woof of fate, these are called chance, without, however, having considered a chance occurrence as something irregular or lawless -- that cannot be! -- but perhaps as something incalculable; the oldest Aryan mystics already recognised this, and therefore portrayed the rulers of fate, the three Norns, as weavers of fate, who out of the warp and woof weave the raiment of time, that is, fate) rules, based on the free will of men, and it is against such a maleficent degree of chance that the sacred blessing is supposed to work. The Germanic people did not recognise any blind faith. They did believe in a predestination in the greatest sense, but they intuitively saw that many restrictions (chance accidents!) stand in the way of the completion and fulfilment of predestination in order to fulfil and steel personal power. Without these accidents, for example, every pine tree would have to be strictly symmetrical in all its parts; one would have to be the same as the next, while in fact no two can be found that are exactly alike, and so too it would have to be in human life; all without difference, uniform and equal. For this reason the newborn should be consecrated with the water of life (for this reason also the church, in a clear reference to the water of life, is supposed to use as baptismal water so called living water, that is, spring or flowing water, and rejects standing water from ponds or lakes) against impending accidents. Therefore: Your life stands in the hand of the Nordic God: trust it in vou!



laf = primal law, sea, life, downfall, defeat.

A fourteenth I sing to the gathered folk by naming the divine names; of all the Gods and Elven kind I know as well as any.

The intuitive knowledge of the organic essence of the All, and therefore of the laws of nature, forms the unshakeable foundation of Aryan sacred teachings or exoteric Aryan religion, which was able to encompass and comprehend the All, and therefore also the individual in its arising, working, and passing away to new arising. Such esoteric knowledge was communicated to the folk in symbolically formulated myths, for the naïve popular eye, unaccustomed to such deep vision and clairvoyance, could no more see the primal law than the physical eye can see the whole ocean, or the unschooled inner, spiritual eye the endlessness of life in the All. Therefore the fourteenth rune says: First learn to steer, than dare

the

sea

journey!



man = moon, to mother, to increase; empty or dead.

A fifteenth I tell, which Folk Stirrer the dwarf sang before the doors of day to the Gods for strength, to the Elves for might, to myself to clear my mind.

In another sense, as in that of the well known folk tale, The man in the moon reveals himself in the fifteenth rune as a sanctified sign of the propagation of the human race. The primal word ma is the hallmark of feminine generation -- mothering -- just as the primal word fa is that of the masculine. Therefore, we have here Mater, mother, just as there we have Fater, father. The moon mythically mystically serves as the magical ring Draupnir, Dripper, from which every ninth night an equally heavy ring drips (separates itself), and which was burned with Baldr; that is, Nanna, the mother of his children, was burned at the same time as Baldr. According to mythicomystical rules, however, nights always mean months, and so the nine nights mentioned above indicate the time of pregnancy. While the concepts of man, maiden, mother, husband, wife, marriage, menstruation, and so on, and so forth, are rooted in the primal word ma (just like the concept moon, with which they are all internally connected conceptually), they nevertheless symbolise individual concepts reconnected into an apparent unity according to the principle of the multiune multifidic multiplicity. So too is the conceptual word for this unity rooted in the primal word ma and expressed manask or menisk, that is: man (der Mensch). Therefore -- as a concept of unification -- the word der Mensch, man, is only of one gender (masculine), while the derogatory concept belongs to the third stage as a neuter, das Mensch, slut, to which we will return later. The fifteenth rune encompasses both the exoteric and esoteric concept of the high mystery of humanity and reaches its zenith in the warning: Be man!



A sixteenth I speak to a coy maiden to get me goodness and luck: that changes and turns the wishes and mind of the swan white armed beauty.

The yr rune is the inverted man rune, and as it designates the bow, so too does it present the waxing and waning moon in contrast to the full moon of the man rune, and so in the first instance it refers to the mutability of the moon, in the second instance as the error rune -- referring to the lunarlike mutability of the feminine essence, portrayed in later verses of the Lay of the High One in the following way:

Do	not	trust	the t	rue i	words	of	а	maid,
do	not	trust	the	wo	man's	tru	е	words,
her	heart	was	shaped	on	а	spinn	ing	wheel:
the	feminine	heart	is	the	home	of		fickleness.

The yr rune or error rune, which causes confusion, whether through the excitement of the passions in love, in play, in drink (intoxication), or through pretexts of speech (sophistry) or by whatever other means will perhaps conquer resistance through confusion. But the success of a victory gained by such means is just as illusory as the victory itself -- for it brings anger, wild rage, and ultimately madness. The yr rune or error rune therefore also contrasts with the os rune (see above), since it tries to force the conquest of an opponent with mere pretext instead of with real reasons. Therefore it teaches: Think about the end!



eh = marriage, law, horse, court, and so on.

A seventeenth helps me with a lovely maid, so that she will never be able to leave me.

The seventeenth, or eh rune, plays off against the sixteenth. While that one warns against frivolous transitory love affairs, the marriage rune confirms the concept of lasting love on the basis of marriage as the legal bond between man and woman. This is symbolically indicated by a later eh rune in that the laf rune (see above) is doubled in it (:

+ :), therefore symbolically saying: two bound together by the primal law of life! Marriage is the basis of the folk, and therefore eh is again the concept of law, for, according to an ancient legal formula, marriage is the raw root, that is, the raw root of the continuance of Teutondom. Therefore: Marriage is the raw root of the Aryans!

Between the seventeenth and eighteenth rune the skald included the following verse:

These songs will be, to you, Stray Singer, for a long time well nigh unlearnable: rejoice, if you experience them; take note, if you learn them, use them, if you understand them.

After this interlude strophe, he begins with the mysterious eighteenth rune which follows as he again lets Wotan himself speak:



The eighteenth I will eternally never tell to a woman or maid: it forms the best end to the lays -- which only one of all knows, except for the lady who embraces me in marriage or who is also a sister to me.

(Wotan's wife Frigga is at the same time his sister, a proof that in antiquity incestuous marriages, of which there are numerous examples in mythology and history, were common.)

In this eighteenth song, the skald again recedes from view; he lets Wotan sing and speak in order to indicate that this highest knowledge of the primal generation of the All can be known and comprehended uniquely and alone by the nuptually bound divinities of the biune bifidic dyad of united spiritual and physical power, and that only these, uniquely and alone, understand the thrice high holy secret of constant generation, constant life, and uninterrupted recurrence, and are able to perceive the mysterious (eighteenth) rune of these.

However, certainly worthy of note is the fact that the eighteenth rune which is actually present is a -- doubtlessly intentionally incomplete -- fyrfos, and that it harkens back to this sign in both name and meaning -- without, nevertheless, exhausting it. In this the intention of the skalds to guard vigilantly the fyrfos as their exclusive innermost secret, and as the sigil of that secret, can be seen. Only after yielding to certain pressures did they reveal another sign which partially replaced the fyrfos.

This sign, which can to a certain extent be seen as a substitute eighteenth rune, is:



ge = gift, giver, the Nordic God, earth; death, and so on.

Gibor altar is still contained in the place name Gibraltar, a name for which the derivation from Arabic gibil tarik is as impossible as it can be; Gib(o)raltar was a temple site consecrated to the Nordic God, the All Begetter by the Vandals at the southern extreme of Spain) -- the Nordic God, the All Begetter! -- the Nordic God is the giver, and the earth receives his gifts. But the earth is not only the receiver, she is also in turn a giver. The primal word is gi, or ge; in it lies the idea of arising (to give), but it also indicates being, in the idea of the gift, and passing away to new arising, in the idea of going. This primal word gi or ge can now be connected to other primal and root words, a few examples of which follow. In connection with the primal word fa as: gifa, gefa, gea, geo, it indicates the gift begetting earth, and with bar or bor, burn, spring, the gift burn the Nordic God. As gigeur (the gift goes back to the Primeval), in Gigur, the gift destroying frost giant, who becomes a personification of death and later of the devil, appears to be named. By the idea word gigas (gigeas: the gift goes out of the mouth, out of the source) the fiddle (Geige) is understood. This is the old skaldic magical instrument of awakening which introduced the song, and since song (bar) also means life, the fiddle was one of the many ideographs (hieroglyphs, symbols) of rebirth, and it is for this reason that it is often found in graves as a sacred gift. Therefore it is not necessarily so that the dead man in whose grave a fiddle is found was a fiddle player. Flutes and fiddles enticed people to dance, to the excitement of love, and were therefore banned by the church -- with its ascetic temperament -- because they served as magical instruments to arouse the human fyr, fire, of love. So the church replaced the Wotanic symbol of awakening with the Christian symbol of awakening, the trumpet of judgement. The personal names Gereon and Gertrut are rooted in the primal word ge. meaning rebirth, and the hieroglyph of this, the Head of Gereon, appears as an equilateral triangle made of three human profiles.



But this Gereon is, in turn, the Nordic God incarnate in the All as the All Spirit, World Spirit or Human Spirit. And for this reason the meaning of the ge rune is closest to that of the fyrfos. The difference between the two interpretations lies in the fact that the idea of the ge rune or gibor rune seeks exoterically to approach the comprehension of the idea of the divine from below upward -- in a certain sense from the level of humanity outward -- while the explanation of the fyrfos seeks knowledge of the Nordic God esoterically in the innermost level of man himself -- and finds it. Thus it is known, as the spirit of humanity, to be unified with the Nordic God from the standpoint of the concept of the bifidic biune dyad, and it will attain certain knowledge from inside out, as well as toward the inside from the outside. Here again the exoteric and the esoteric are clearly distinguished, and the fyrfos is recognised as an exoteric secret sign of high holiness, which is represented exoterically by the ge rune. So, while the exoteric doctrine teaches that man emerged from the Nordic God and will return to the Nordic God, the esoteric doctrine knows the invisible cohesion of man and divinity as the bifidic biune dyad -- and so it can be consciously said: Man -- be one with the **Nordic** God!

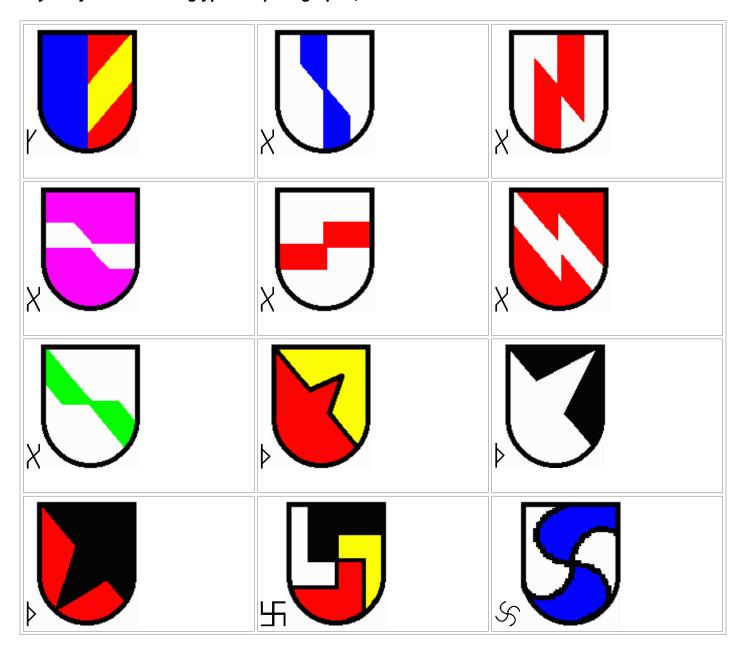
Thus in the Eddic song Wotan's runic wisdom the skald interpreted the individual runes -- in concealed forms -- and implied the magical songs or invocatory formulas connected to them, without actually communicating them -- thus preserving the skaldic secret -- but he revealed enough that their sense can be rediscovered.

He could confidently conclude the Wotan's runic wisdom:

Now have I ended the high song
here in the hall of the High One,
needful to the earthly, not to the Giants.
Hail to him, who teaches it!
Hail to him who learns it!
Of the salvation, all you listeners,
make good use!

With this, the skaldic rune poem and its interpretation, it has been proven that the runes were more than our letters today, more even than mere syllable signs or word signs, that is, they were holy signs or magical characters. They were, in a certain way of thinking, something similar to the spirit sigils (not spirit seals!) of later times, which played a conspicuous role in the notorious hellish conjuration of Doctor Johann Faust. Actually they were nothing less than collectors for the purpose of autosuggestion, media for concentrated thought and intensive meditation. The characterisation as holy signs is therefore fully justified, as is the other name runes, that is, the rowning (whispering) ones, the secretly speaking

Only after these beginnings did those runes, and a number of others that the Wotan's runic wisdom does not name, gradually shrivel up into letters in our sense of the word -- that is, into empty, inarticulate phonetic signs. The great, still uncounted, mass of the other holy signs or hieroglyphs, which were not simplified into insubstantial phonetic signs, but which were rather -- as has already been stated -- often developed with ongoing elaboration into the most elegant ornamental motifs with the characteristic preservation of the basic lines of their primary forms, and which also expanded their names and symbolic values, formed the Aryan system of hieroglyphs or pictographs, which remained a secret of the skalds:



Until now, no one had thought to decipher or read them, because no one recognised these widely disparate signs as hieroglyphs.

First it would also do well to ascertain where those -- until now silent or in the best case misinterpreted -- holy signs or hieroglyphs are to be found, this in order to prove the context of the special formations of individual signs (corresponding to the kind of the areas in which they are found), and finally to establish through their names the primal word forms and ideas that they represent, and from these to form a basis for their decipherment and reading.

However, to know the areas in which these signs are found, that is, to find the arts and sciences which supported these signs and which still support them, some other information must be obtained. The old tripartite division of the Aryans, which doubtlessly has its origin in the intuitive recognition of the evolutionary laws of nature, and whose impetus is surely to be sought in the observation of evolution according to natural laws -- from the seed through the bloom to the fruit containing another seed -- became the essential imperative of the Aryans and of the Teutonic peoples who emerged from them, including the Germans. Therefore, we find in all institutions of the Aryan peoples, in their religions, mythologies, social levels (provider class, teacher class, soldier class) as well as in their language (the primal Aryan), this ideological classification, which, as already mentioned, actually distinguishes verbal concepts into three levels:

- 1. arising
- 2. being, doing, ruling, working, and
- 3. passing away to new beginning

so that every kernel word, primal word, root word or stem word has a concept in each of these levels. But each individual level again breaks down into trilevel sublevels with the same tendency, and each of these do the same, and so forth, so that every root word and every stem word demonstrates at least three, but usually many more, conceptual values increasing in this threefold progression. Even modern High German is subject to this primal evolutionary law of the Aryan and Germanic languages, which came about before these was any grammar, and which therefore cannot be determined by grammatical rules -- although spelling rules endeavour to obscure these levels of meaning in order to prevent misunderstandings that could arise from the confusion of the concepts. To give an example of this from New High German, refer to the word Rauh (raw) or Rauch (rough), which in its arising level means to be raw or rough in contrast to being smooth; through the figure of speech, to work something out of the raw or rough, it is attributed to the first level, for example, rough materials or raw materials, rough and ready, and so on. In the second level, that of being or governing, it indicates law and justice as in rau grave (Rauch Graf), rau hen (Rauch Huhn), rau tenth (Rauch Zehnt), and so on. In the third level of passing away to a new beginning, the word is characterised by the figure of speech to go up in smoke (Rauch); this means the smoke of fire, fog or frost as a sign of destruction. The newer rules of spelling now divide these three ideas by the way they are written:

- 2. Rau (rau)
- 3. Rauch (reek, smoke)

Other examples are the word Rad (wheel), that is similarly broken up in the orthography and indicates:

- 1. Rath (rede, council), as a title and description of activity as that which furthers things
- 2. Rad (wheel), the turning, rate, increase, and
- 3. Ratte (rat), the destructive animal

A no less interesting example is the word Hund (hound) with its many attendant concepts. The arising level also means the all inclusive or basic, so that we have a Hund (also Hunt); the car on four rollers used to haul ore in the mines (English: hutch); a measure of cut peat (twenty Hunde of peat make a load); a measure of grain; a measurement of the field (big enough to sow a Hund of grain); the name of the founder of a house or dynasty (Fidei Kommis), for example, the Hounds of Künring; a sign of honour in hieroglyphs, the red hound for the establishment of a law. In the being level the term Hund (hound) indicates the well known mammal. In the passing away to new arising level the word Hund (hound) includes the concepts of stoppage, rot, destruction, death; compare the hound on the whim (whim beam, Goppelhund), the dragging brake; an instrument of torture used to dislocate the joints; a devil's mask (with names such as hell hound, sun hound, moon dog; a judicial sign of humiliation (hound dog in the passing away level means to come down (herunter (hunter) kommen), to decay!; therefore, condemned men bore a mangy dog to the place of execution as a characterising symbol; later this symbolism was expanded: thieves carried a bitch to the gallows, and she was hung beside the thief; the bitch and the thief were both called Tewe (bitch), that was clear; disturbers of the peace carried a setter (Bracke) to the scaffold -- Bracke is identical with breaker, as a peace breaker or law breaker; the red hound means, in the third stage, decayed justice in contrast to the first stage as foundation of justice or codification of law), as a term of insult (dog as an insulting name has nothing to do with the quadruped; it indicates a violent, despicable person who wants to bring everything down (herunter (hunter), compare Hund), to decay) as well as a proverb (to go to the dogs (Auf den Hund kommen) also has nothing to do with our pet, unless it means it is a less valuable draft animal than the horse, but rather also refers to downfall (Herunterkommen (Hunterkommen) into poverty and decay). These examples, which could be expanded into the hundreds, prove that even the modern German language is subject to the original law of tripartition, even if modern spelling rules -- for reasons of clarity of meaning -- make the effort to distinguish the concepts through orthographic conventions. But if one takes these modern words back to their stem words, one will recognise this tripartition at once, especially when one writes the root words and primal words -- as mentioned at the beginning -- in runes, or at least keeps this mode of writing firmly in mind.

During the course of this discussion two words were used, and we referred to the fact that we would discuss their three levelled interpretation: the Greek word hieroglyph and the Nordic word Yggdrasill. At that time, it was noted that the Greek word corresponded to the original Aryan word hiroglif or iroglif. Both words can be used as examples of the tripartition of

The word hieroglyph appears in the old Aryan language, as already mentioned, as hiroglif or iroglif, and may be divided into three root words, ir, og, and lif, which are based on the three primal words ar, ag and laf. These root words have the following three levelled meaning:

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1. Arising stage:

ir = beginning

og = to eye, see, regard

lif = to sleep; concealed life
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2. Being
                                                                           stage:
  ir
                                                                   circle,
               to
                      contain
                                    an
                                            arc,
                                                     in
                                                            а
                                                                               iris
                                                   profit,
                   =
                                   to
                                                                        increase
  lif = to live
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3. Passing away stage:
ir = error, confusion
og = to separate (schneiden (orlog = war: as the decider
(Entscheider)
lif = to conclude; certainty without doubt
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Out of this, the three levels of interpretation for the word hiroglif result as follows:

- 1. First stage: the beginning is regarded in the concealed mind
- 2. Second stage: the (knowledge) contained (in the sign) increases the living (knowledge)
- 3. Third stage: confusion cuts off certainty, that is, whatever is fixed by writing can no longer be confused

The Greek interpretation from hiero = holy and glypht, glypho = cut into stone is insufficient. Even if hiero meaning holy is covered quite well by hiro having to do with the beginning, the second half is wrong, because hieroglyphs were far more often written or painted than carved into stone. But if one wanted to have glypho stand for spiritually deepened, and thereby recognise the sense of sacrally deepened, then such an interpretative speculation would come quite close to the old Aryan concept.

In a similar fashion the word Yggrasill is divided into three root words, ig, dra and sil, which result in the following three levelled meaning:

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1. I

ig = I as shaper, generator, producer, consecration
dra = turning generation (trifos), generation of fire
sil (sal) = salvation
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Out of this, three levels of interpretation of the word Yggdrasill (lgdrasil) result as follows:

- 1. First: I, generating salvation in the primal fire (Urfyr)! (compare the burning thorn bush in the bible, Exodus III:2)
- 2. Second: Warrior of the law, war tree, war horse

3. Third: Aim of terror or destruction, the tree of terror

This explains much that is otherwise not comprehensible, especially the incorrect interpretation of the name as horse of terror. The world ash tree Igdrasil is the tree of life of Aryan humanity, their sacred fire, their original salvation (compare the burning thorn bush). It is, however, thought of as living, therefore existing and governing, and for this reason it is the warrior (war bearer) -- graphically, the war horse of humanity.

Ultimately it will be the tree of terror, by which humanity will pass away. But it is also the wind cold tree about which Wotan sings in the rune song. For this reason, the designation world ash tree is also meaningful, for ash is Ask == the first man, the primal father of humanity who bore the same name (the primal mother was called Embla, that is, alder tree) and manask, menisk (Mensch = man (human) -- has its origins here. However, as man signifies the generative, shaping one in the first stage, and in the second stage humanity is indicated as living and existing, so in the third stage the ruined individual -- no longer worthy of being called human: das Mensch, slut, is scornfully named. Ask in and of itself indicates:

- 1. the beginning of humanity, figuratively the primal father
- 2. the ash, and
- 3. the ashes and from that: asceticism (Askese), destruction of reproduction.

Manask or monak is therefore the monk, a word that we also have in Aryan as well as in Latin (MONACHVS), for surely even Latin is derived from Aryan.

Even though these few, and only briefly sketched, examples should be sufficient to indicate the tripartition of all concepts in the Aryan system and their netlike interweaving, nevertheless another example should be taken into closer consideration in order to take up the thread again and spin it out further.

Already above mention was made of the tripartition of the folk into provider class, teacher class and soldier class. In this regard it should be remembered that Tacitus and Plinius, and to some extent the Greek travelling scholar of the fourth century B.C. -- Pytheas -- all already had made mention of a tripartition of Germanic society, which according to their documents consisted of three tribes --

- Ingaevons
- Irminons
- Istaevons

According to Tacitus, the earthbound God Tuisco (Týr, Zio, the generator) had a son Mannus (Menask, man) who generated three sons, namely:

- Ingvo
- · Irmin
- · Istvo

who are supposed to be the tribal fathers in the familiar three levels of conceptual meaning:

- Ingvo (ing-fo) =

 (1) perpetuator, maintainer,
 (2) the young wanderer, and,
 (3) the one who decides in court.
- · Irmin =
 - (1)
 - (2)
 - (3)
- Istvo (ist-fo) (from this probably comes the Hungarian man's name Istvan for Stephen) = (1) the generator, who generates in death, the returning one, the one to be reborn, (2) the continuously existing one, and, (3) the one who goes into darkness, submersion.

The ending -ons in the three tribal names means on three levels:

- 1. the ancestors, the primal origin;
- 2. to wander; and
- 3. to change, transformation, rotation.

Therefore the tribal name Ingaevons means:

- 1. the ones who came forth out of ancestral origin,
- 2. the wandering young descendants, wanderers, Wandals (Vandals), and
- 3. the alteration through the judgement of fate.

The tribal name Irminons means:

1. the ones who came forth out of the ancestral origins of the solar man,

- 2. the wandering governors, solar judges, Semanes (not Semnones), and
- 3. conclusion of opinion by a turn of fate.

The tribal name Istaevons indicates:

- 1. the ones reborn out of the realm of the ancestors,
- 2. the ones constantly wandering, and
- 3. the ones who pass away through a consequence of fate.

According to tripartition, the first level of conceptual meaning serves as the general designation for the <u>Ingaevons</u>, the second for the <u>Irminons</u>, and the third for the <u>Istaevons</u>. But all three designations have their special uses according to the rules of the trifidic triune triad, for all three are really but one, that is, the whole indivisible Germanic people.

All of this is based on the fact that all Aryans or Teutons felt themselves to be one folk. On account of this, every individual, be he freeman or king, had to belong to the provider class in order to prevent this class, as the main class, from being devalued. Everyone had, therefore, to be a farmer, that is, Ing-fo -- an original maintainer and perpetuator of the ancestors. The second class was the intellectually advanced, the intelligentsia, the rules, the teaching class, to which the skalds, the high nobility, and the kings (princes, counts, and so on) belongs -- without ceasing to be farmers. It has already been said above that Ar means the sun and the law of the sun, and the eagle is its symbol and hieroglyph. Therefore a member of the second class was called an Arman or Irmin, namely a sun man, Seman. (Tacitus mutilates this word in Semnones, just as, for example, Iulius Caesar confused and made incomprehensible the folk name Helfesen or Helfetsen as Helvetians; the same is true for all Germanic folk names and place names in Roman or Greek writings, and it would be a welcome task for someone to set these names aright and thereby make them speak; for names always say something, they are not empty shells when they are correctly reconstructed; and that shall and must happen!) The Semans were the men of knowledge (Wissenden), and from them emerged the skalds -- the priests of Wotan (Guido von List, Of the German Wotanic priesthood, The twentieth century (Berlin) 4, numbers 2-5 (1893) -- or, better said, their core group was the skalds, who, as priests and teachers, were also the judges -- for in those times exoteric Aryan religion was simultaneously science and law. One believed what one knew -- or at least intuitively recognised, and lived accordingly. Since the Semans, Irminons, Skalds and so on were one and the same with the scholars, artists, and so on, the second class is the teacher class -- in spite of the fact that it too belonged to the farmer class -- and is to be recognised as the root area of the activation of the Aryan spiritual work. Therefore, all original lines of the collective arts and sciences are to be derived from it. However, the skalds must remain the central focus in which all the diverse special manifestations of the hieroglyphics can be unified. The third class, the soldier class, the Istaevons, who are those who pass away due to a consequence of fate -- is in no way that which we today understand as the military -- for all members of the folk were responsible for the common defence -- but rather they were the great mass of surplus populace who had to migrate in order to establish new states. There was no personal ownership of land and soil, only familial estates -- the elder governed it for his clan, the members of which only had rights of usage over it. If their number became too great for the ownership of land, then the surplus would have to migrate (hel fesen) -- never to return. They elected a duke (= war leader), and he searched for land. Since such migratory expeditions -or colonisation efforts -- were carried out completely according to Cosmic Law, the power of the Aryans to found and maintain state structures, recognised by all historians in all times and places, is evident. Throughout the whole world we find these Aryan foundations which are testified to in historical as well as continuing folk names, land names and place names of Aryan state establishments -- reaching all the way back into prehistoric times.

Because the skalds, as the scientists, maintained language, art, and science, they were also primarily concerned with scientifically directing the transition from Wotanism to Christianity (concerning this see my essay From Wotanism into Christianity, in the weekly The German (Berlin), 1, number 13 (1904); compare also my essayOf the German Wotanic priesthood, The twentieth century (Berlin) 4, numbers 2-5 (1893)), and to prepare the way for a peaceful blending of the two religions. But this effort was soon disturbed as the second violent period of Christianisation broke forth under bloody Karl the Great (Charlemagne) -- the Slaughterer of the Saxons. In spite of the fact that the skalds were persecuted and

scorned, they collected themselves together and secretly took the German faith and the German law in a concealed manner into the underground lore of the fem (five) fingers of the sword's hilt -- and thus arose the band of the Holy Vehme. Out of the skaldic order the Minnesinger order later emerged, as did the German builders' guild and the German heraldic guild. From all this, in broad branchings, sprang the judicial sciences, poetic arts, linguistic sciences, graphic arts, and so on.

Because the skalds, as poets and singers, were also the maintainers and formulators of language -- and because it was necessary for them to preserve in strict secrecy the Wotanism that they took with them underground into their underground lore (in order not to be persecuted as pagans and heretics), they had to use the threefold interpretation of words to have their messages delivered -- even by messengers -- without these or other noninitiates being able to understand the correct interpretation. Through steady skilful practice they reached such refinement in this double-edged type of poetry, called underground lore or concealed sense, that one and the same text could conceal two completely different messages, whose obvious sense (understood by everyone) would actually be secondary, while the concealed sense would contain the only real, secret message for the men of knowledge. However, not all words in such messages served the concealed sense, but rather only single words among them. These were distinguished by their initial sounds (alliteration), and were therefore called codewords or passwords. Now, these codewords explained the accompanying text in a completely different direction -usually in the exact opposite direction from the apparent meaning -- and in this way they explain many medieval poems that are otherwise incomprehensible. In this hidden Wotanism we can, however, understand the cause of the strictly guarded guild secret of the minnesinger order, the heraldic guild, the German builders' guild, the Vehme, and other bodies that emerged from it. In addition, we can understand the formal richness of their customs of initiation, advancement, and internal association in this way. However, in a very notable way, their secret symbology, which they fixed in the holy signs as hieroglyphs and the like, according to underground lore or concealed sense, gave a double secret meaning. The interpretation of these hieroglyphs is also twofold, and if one will, threefold, as in the following:

1. The interpretation for the common, unitiated folk, which is evident in the portrayal -- whether in speech, writing, pictures, or sculpture (or even in custom and gesture) -- is the same; for example, a lion, a fox, a bear, a greeting, and so on.

- 2. The lower symbolism or the exoteric, which is usually expressed in the ecclesiastical clerical understanding or in commonly known, easily understood correspondences, and which in any event was created for the purpose of being offered to the lower grades of the guild (apprentices, journeymen, and so on) as the lesser light. This is done in order to test their trustworthiness and secretiveness, before the complete great secret or the greater light can be given to them in the higher grades (elder journeymen, master, herald, royal herald, and so on). In this exoteric level, for example, the lion indicates the lion that goes about looking for the one he will devour, or courage, royal essence, and so on; the fox points to cunning and craft; the bear to strength, and so on; the handshake greeting (grip) has its secret characteristic by which one is able to recognise the one who is being greeted, whether he is a Fellow or not, and if so, to what degree he belongs. The password would then aurally strengthen the impression gained from his grip and facial characteristics.
- 3. The high symbolism of the esoteric, the great secret of underground lore, the full light, proceeds from a purely Armanic perspective, and interprets only abstract concepts of theosophical metaphysical content. It has the ultimate aim to provide a basis for that which was in the beginning blended with the full light, but it is to be introduced with growing intuitive knowledge, gradually dispensing with all symbolic aids and finally being able to base itself on its own intellectual conceptualisation. Only then will the hieroglyphs be alive, as they make clearly expressed conceptual interpretations perceptible from flat comparisons. On this esoteric level, the examples of hieroglyphs already introduced may be rendered in the following way:

lion = life, law, light, sun; fox = generation (fas, voss);

also the greeting increased in meaning and even became more secret -- for precaution was necessary. Also the codewords of greeting and passwords received another meaning from what they had in the second degree.

If the essence and origin of the Aryan hieroglyphics are now clear, then too their branchings in various areas of use are easy to prove -- areas in which use was made of them, and areas in which use is still made today. However, it must be said right from the beginning that the usual interpretations today, without exception, are relevant to the second degree -- on the exoteric level. This is because the third degree of interpretation -- on the esoteric level -- has been lost. But it should also be noted here that this loss is only apparent. The key to the deciphering of the secret lies in the language which we still speak today, and in the tripartite nature of the word concepts.

In the course of this study, it was discovered that the skaldic guild unites within itself the origins of all arts and sciences which are even today in full bloom, and that the skalds were active -- already in distant antiquity in considerably pre Christian times -- as poets and singers, as heralds (painters), as master builders (sculptors, stone masons, carpenters), as philosophers and theosophists -- as well as judges. They founded and refined their symbolism and hieroglyphics in these branches of arts, sciences and crafts, and ultimately in the Christian era they handed down their arts and crafts through various developments, which had been taken into underground lore along hidden ways, to the guild leagues of sciences which had grown out of them. Through the struggles against the church (witchcraft trials, persecutions of heretics, upheavels during the reformations) as well as through other upheavals in the Holy Roman empire of the German nation the majority of traditions in those bodies were lost, and only disparate remnants of misunderstood formal odds and ends have been partially preserved to the present day, while the soul -- the inner life -- has disappeared. The same is true of freemasonry, which originated from the stonemasons' guilds.

Only in the still flowering art and science of our ancient Aryan, indigenous heraldry, or science of coats of arms, have Aryan hieroglyphics been preserved. But today even heralds know only the exoteric readings of their hieroglyphics. They call them secret figures and heraldic devices without having a notion of their esoteric legibility.

Medieval and early medieval buildings of Romanesque -- or, better said, old Saxon or old Germanic and Gothic -- styles form a further area of discovery. In these buildings, hieroglyphs were elaborated into extremely high artistic developments, so that those structures speak, when the hieroglyphics are read. And they can convey surprising results (compare Guido von List, The symbolic pictorial works at the giant altar of the church of Stephen at Vienna, Laufer's general art chronicle, 1889, numbers 9-11; even if this work still seems uncertain and tentative -- since at that time a complete understanding and correct use of the key was not yet available to me -- nevertheless it provides a more or less correct reading -- at the time more sensed than clearly recognised -- of the hieroglyphs, and was only in need of a clear foundation and minor rectifications). The revived contemporary Gothic style, however, had no notion of hieroglyphs in its tracery, which is only stylised decoration, and which therefore degenerated inter misunderstood forms and symmetries.

No less often do these symbols find their way into speaking records, into legal antiquities and pieces of wisdom, into folk customs, folk beliefs and proverbs, then into alchemy and medicine, into astronomy, astrology, and into all disciplines related to the mystical endeavours of antiquity and the middle ages -- right on up to the present day. That many of these signs were even, so to speak, popularised in the most everyday utilitarian objects and even determined the forms of such things is certainly conceivable with such a widespread tradition. Here, for example, we only have to mention the forms and names of our breads and baked goods. In brief, it is not easy to find an area in the life of the German folk which these hieroglyphs, holy signs, and symbols do not illuminate. However, for present purposes, only heraldry, German architecture, and legal symbolism will be considered.

In the symbolism of heraldry all the runes are abundantly met with in the heraldic figures. They form the dividing lines of heraldic devices. Because they were painted on shields and were calculated to have a certain effect at a distance, the heralds tinctured the background beside the runic lines with contrasting colours. The colours used also had a definite meaning, and were again dependent upon the rune. The heralds learned to see the runes and to blazon the shields according to the surfaces defined by the runic lines, and therein lies the confusion. For example, they blazon a coat of arms with the fa rune: per pale, sinister a bar sinister:



similarly with a gibor rune: upper pale rompu, lower pale rompu:



dexter or sinister fess fracted, bevelled or square:



downward fracted bar sinister:



dexter bend fracted:



and so on, and so forth, according to the portrayal and position of the rune. A coat of arms with the thurs rune: per bend with counter pile:



with counter pile, or with counter wedge bend:



and so on, whereby the first two indicate the upstanding thorn, and therefore arising of life (phallus), and the last one indicates the sunken thorn, or the death thorn (compare Brünnhilde, Sleeping Beauty).

The holy signs (The esoteric meaning of religious symbols by Guido von List, Gnosis (Vienna), 1, number 16 (December, 1903) were developed in even more interesting ways. In the first place, we must discuss the fyrfos (flyfot):



which, as soon as the bordering line of the tinctured fields appeared, was blazoned by the herald as quarterly per square or quarterly per wavy:



and so on. Later, as the figures were being executed in painted surfaces (and no longer only in linear fashion), the fyrfos was also being portrayed as a coloured figure with linear outlines, and was called the swastika (Hakenkreuz).



Because the fyrfos, even under the codename swastika, was still the heathen cross, and thus could bring a herald under suspicion of heresy, the greatest care was taken to conceal its hooks as much as possible in order to make it appear more like the Christian cross. In this way the many so called heraldic crosses originated, such as, among others, the gringoly (serpent headed) cross:



the t-square cross:



the Jerusalem cross:



the arrow point cross:



the bononée cross:



the fleury (Deutscher Ritterorden, Order of the Teutonic Knights) cross:



the moline cross:



the bough gable, the mill spindle cross, and so on. One of the most significant concealments of the fyrfos is probably the so called Maltese cross:



which appears to be made up of two opposed swastikas in linear fashion:



which now form the well known eight pointed figure that is painted a different colour on the inside (from the field on the outside), and so it took on the appearance of an independent figure; however, this was only intended to feign such a sign. This sign was called Baphomet or the talking head and was used as evidence for heresy in the Templar trials, and as one of the grounds for the condemnation (1313) of the Templar Order. It was, however, nothing but their speaking head sign (that is, main sign in the sense of the third esoteric secret degree of the Wise mentioned above). The Knights of Malta and the Knights of Saint John, who today still use the same cross, were only able to avoid a fate similar to that of the Templars by means of heavy sacrifices. But the Order of Teutonic Knights also uses the German Armanist swastika in the cross fleury still concealed in the ancient and honoured fyrfos -discernible which is to the Wise.

A further very interesting example of a hidden swastika is offered by the crest of the lower Saxon town Bad Pyrmont am Osning near the Porta Westphalia, well known for its mineral waters:



It contains two swastikas executed on a flat surface. These crosses are superimposed in such a way that, of the underlying cross, only the wedge shaped parts of the arms and the spreading hooks can be perceived, so that in its entirety it gives an impression similar to the cross

moline.

The ordinances in heraldry, that is, people, animals, utilitarian objects, and so on, are also hieroglyphs like countless other heraldic devices -- which cannot be discussed in detail here -- and as such are only legible according to the third esoteric degree of underground lore or the great secret. Following what has been said above, these always have a concealed sense and never signify that which is represented as such. Therefore, in the springtime of heraldry, when underground lore was still active, these portrayals never appear formed in a naturalistic way, but rather are always treated ornamentally in the style so characteristic of the old coats of arms. The picture, be it an eagle, a lily, a fire dog (= andiron), fire goat (Fyrbock), or whatever, never signifies just the object itself but rather the hieroglyph derived from this object; and it is this, too, that the artistic ornamental elaborations are supposed to indicate. An instructive example is offered by the heraldic eagle, about which it has already been stated above why it is the hieroglyph or device of Aryandom and of the later German empire, a hieroglyph which was already being borne by the Aryans in Asia, for example, Cyrus the Archaemenian, as well as the Pharaohs, the Greeks, and the Romans. It symbolised the power of the state and was naturally one headed. When it occurred to the papacy to free itself from the power of the state, thus beginning the investiture contest, the German king put the double headed eagle on the imperial coat of arms and thereby said that he was lord of both forms of law, of the secular law of the state as well as of ecclesiastical law.

The eagle maiden of the crest of the city of Nuremberg only has meaning when it is addressed by its old name, that is, wipare -- which would sound like weibaar (eagle woman) today, but which is preserved in the word Weberin (Weberin -- female weaver = Webarin = Wibarin = Weibaarin; in Listian code, eagle woman). It signifies the female weaver of fate, the Norn, after which Nuremberg is named, and so it speaks as does every -- genuine! -- old crest. Wibare, the weaver, is, however, at the same time the Arkona (Sun Lady) as well as the Urkona (Primal Lady, or Primal Mother, or Ancestral Lady). So in turn it is the white lady about which so many castles and palaces report and which is also at home in the castle of Nuremberg. Also the saga of the white lady, or the ancestral lady, belongs to the realm of hieroglyphics, for she is found at places of primeval origins (birth), but never at places of rule or governance (of life).

In any case, all sagas, folk tales and myths according to the third esoteric secret level have special meaning with regard to the place to which they are connected, and they also work to explain the place names themselves (for more details on this, see Vienna and its Leopoldsberg, by the author of this treatise, in The development (Vienna), 2, number 1 (1904); a report on the concealed sense and other concealed sense places as well as on the concealed skaldom at the locations of pre Christian temple sites), and contribute in a completely unexpected way toward the illumination of the primeval history of Aryandom over the whole world. not only in central Europe.

The sculptures on Romanesque (or, better said, old Saxon or early Germanic) and early Gothic cathedrals and secular buildings -- which had been up to now puzzling -- find their key in the symbolism of the German building lodges and in this system of hieroglyphs (see note above). These figures were continuously being perfected into a richly articulated ornament right up until the late Gothic and transitional style, and they are even still recognisable in isolation during the early renaissance; but later they are lost track of

completely -- which happened in conjunction with the decay of the German building lodges. But even in the traditions of architecture, the main holy signs, that is, the trifos:



or vilfos:



(actually willfol), the fyrfos:



(fylfot, swastika), and the ruoth cross:



or wheel cross (Radkreuz), also called the whisk:



take on very important meanings in all sorts of ornamentation used in the construction of tracery and rose windows; the first as the flamboyant trifoil:



the second as the flamboyant quadrafoil:



and the third as the Saint Catherine's wheel:



The other Gothic hieroglyphs are too numerous to count, but wherever one looks, these will be found in a very special arrangement -- proclaiming the great secret of underground lore to Wise.

The trifoil as the vilfos:



indicates the will to generate, with references to the creation of the world as well as to the activisation of life. The flamboyant quadrafoil:



as the swastika:



however, signifies the all encompassing cross, from haag (to) hedge (in). The name swastika:



is just a codeword for hag cross; it symbolises the Nordic God in the All as well as in every ego, as a haag (see hagal above). The wheel cross:



which appears in a hidden form as the Saint Catherine's wheel:



points to the judgement of the world at the end of time, and so the flags during the Peasants' War (1525) had wheels on them (the little wheel flags) -- the peasants wanted to hold court over their oppressors! The five angled star, the Vehme star, Truthenfuss (truh = turn, fuss = foot):



is the hieroglyph of revolving or turning generation, of rebirth -- one of the most important articles of faith in the Aryan religion. In its exoteric interpretation, this sign simply says: return, and was therefore a favourite sign used at hostels and inns, in order to convey the meaning: whoever is a guest here should come again.

Thus these hieroglyphs are easily carried over into the highest theosophical and metaphysical realms of ideal conception, all according to their functions and dispositions, for they exist in the sphere of everyday life in order to transfigure this life, in order to show that ideal striving and real struggle actually flow into one another as the great mystical biune bifidic dyad.

It will already have been noticed that when the main or primeval holy signs were named: vilfos:



fyrfos:



and ruoth cross or wheel cross:



they also had other names, for example, vilfos, fourfos, whisk, and even further designations such as trifos, turnfos, three foot, triskelion, four foot, and so on. It can be seen that in order to conceal the esoterically indicated will, the insignificant many (viel) was imposed in order to veil the esoteric tri (three) (turning, of the turning of the earth and stars, of the whirlwind, of the storm, and so on), and at the same time mystically to indicate the number three, as well as the number four for fyr. This hidden fyr occurs to an uncommon extent in architecture, for example, in quartering (Vierung, the intersection of nave and transepts), in the guide or slide (Führung), in the square (Vierege) (fyroge = fire eye = the Nordic God's eye). The last of these earned an important meaning in secret rituals under the code name TAPIS (a carpet) and also TABVLA QVADRATA:



which symbolises arising, existing, and passing away to a new arising. The corner diagonal to that of the middle lamp of existence had no light, for it indicated the northern side, the darkness of corporeal nonbeing, which was followed by the new light in the east, the coming rebirth, the new light of arising. Around this TAPIS, with its three lights in the east, south, and west, and its mystical darkness in the north, the Fellows of the builders' lodges made their symbolic migrations through the life of the immortal ego, of the spiritual ego, whose ways lead them through countless births and an untold number of lives in human form, toward an equal number of deaths, and through these into the darkness of the Primeval, in order to attain to new arising through many rebirths, to renewed life in renewed human bodies. These migrations of the immortal ego are, however, intended to indicate not a circular development, but rather a continuous rising -- like a spiral staircase -- in order to approach the final aim of the highest perfection, of a similitude to the Nordic God, and ultimately to full union with the Nordic God in this spiral form. All hieroglyphs which indicate the stepladder point to this end, but -- and this is the important thing -- but without ever losing the real rock solid foundation which lies firmly established in the recognised indivisibility of the physical from the spiritual, and in the acknowledged biune bifidic dyad. It is in this that the main strength of the -- indestructible! -- Aryan religion lies. While the Aryan Indian Buddhist acknowledges only the spiritual and disdains the physical (and so by maintaining his ethnic individuality has lost his political freedom), and while, on the other hand, the Mediterranean Aryans (Greeks and Romans) acknowledged only the physical, thereby quickly attaining a high culture and status as world powers, but -- see note above -through damage to their moral force lost the culture they had attained, and disappeared without a trace; the central European Aryans -- the Teutonic peoples, including the Germans -- by recognising the biune bifidic dyad cultivated the spiritual and physical as inseparable and coequal -- and so they preserved not only their ethnic individuality, but their national freedom as well. In possession of both of these, they were also able to hold on to their original Aryan Armanendom as a priestly class in contrast to all other peoples of the earth.

In the symbolism of German administration of justice, a great number of such holy signs, symbols, and hieroglyphs are once more found: however, in a much more lively variety of forms than in painting (heraldry) or in sculpture (architecture). This is because they served in matters of law as speaking attestations (as verbal and truthful signs), and as such were placed in opposition to the statements of witnesses and the living evidence. Therefore they were neither painted nor chiselled not symbolised in any other way, but appeared in their natural state and therefore attained a very noteworthy meaning in their symbolic hieroglyphic interpretations. In the administration of justice, too, the old Aryan tripartition is naturally found again as:

- 1. arising, or law (Cosmic Law)
- 2. the existing, ruling (justice), and
- 3. the passing away to renewed arising (the court).

Because law and justice culminate in the decisive pronouncement of the court (and, consequently, as the third level, this provided the final result) the holy sign of the court was the ruoth cross, rod cross, or rowel (wheel) cross,



which was therefore also known as the Vehme cross:



consisting of a fyrfos whose hooks were bent in the circular shape of a wheel rim. As the Vehme cross, it appears engraved on the blade of the great Vehme sword as an equilateral cross enclosed by a circle. At the cross point, the letter V appears, and furthermore, in the quadrants between the arms, the letters S.S.G.G. were engraved. These letters probably displaced the formerly used runes and and which signified: Vehme, and the old passwords: string, stone, grass, branch, that is, white = law; brick = secret; rage = thunder = doing = Ar = right doing; greyen = to uphold; that is: Through law and underground lore, right doing is upheld. In abbreviated form this is S.S. and

In underground lore or Cosmic Law, all this signifies: present in the hidden, which exoterically refers to the watchfulness of the Vehme, esoterically to the omniscience of the Nordic God as the highest judge. For this reason the ruoth cross was the symbol of the court, and it is for this reason that the crucifix on the bench of the modern judge should be seen -- not as a symbol of religion -- but rather as a substitute for the ruoth cross.

Wherever the words Rothenkreuz (red cross), Rothenburg (red castle), or even roth (red), Rad (wheel), Ratt (rat), and so on, occur in place names, there is where there was at one time marked steads of the Vehme, as, for example, near Hochroderd in the Viennese woods. All red crosses that stand in lonely forests were at one time Irminsuls or Roland columns, that is, mark columns, which designate such marked steads (for basic information about this, that is, concerning the temple site, the holy stones, and marked steads at the red cross, see my essay Prehistoric constructions in southern Bohemia, in Heimdall (Berlin) 8, numbers 11-13 (1903)), and all red courts were at one time the property of the Wise of the Vehme (for example, the red court in the eighth parish in Vienna, at one time the town of Josephstadt).

Therefore speaking attestations were -- as has been said -- opposed to the living witnesses, and both were therefore considered as equal in German law. They were consequently memorial marks or tokens for the recollection of an original act; they were therefore pictorial signs, and hence hieroglyphs.

Such living images include the coif and breast, dogs, roosters, chickens, geese, and so on; speaking images include eggs, cheese, oats, grains, and so on; while memorials (also thought of as speaking) such as stones, hills, graves, trees, straw, twigs, helmets, shields, lances, axes and spurs, memorial coins, gloves, and so on, are well known.

Mountains, hillocks, columns, rivers and brooks served as halls -- likewise speaking attestations -- and it is from these that we get hall mountains, rivers, forests, and fields. These halls are not only borders, but also holy, and consequently also the target, the final goal.

- The straw pulled from the field and handed over to the new owner was the speaking attestation of transfer (renunciation) or a property. Hal is that which is hale and holy. The one leaving the land therefore gave over the property with all that was hale and holy still attached to it. In the drawing of straws, the longer straw decides the lot -- as the greater boon (Heil). Even today we say: He drew the shorter one, when one has bad luck.
- Similarly, the staff (sta-fa, standing) of steady generation, that is, life continuously renewing itself, is a much used hieroglyph. In the hand of the judge it is the wise staff -- the guiding staff which guides the law -- and so it is therefore white in colour, because white (wit, wyd) as a colour means law. As a red staff -- in the criminal court -- it is the staff of justice (right staff), for red as a colour means justice (right, ruoth). It is for this reason that the executioner wears a red coat. For the condemned the staff is broken, that is, life is broken, just as he has broken the law, and is therefore called a lawbreaker.
- The staff of the king is of gold. Gold as ore designates the descendants; the king preserves living justice for the future. The royal staff is called the sceptre, which, as scipan or scepan, means the shaper of justice (therefore those who occupied the courts were called the scephan = Schöffen, magistrate, juryman, as shapers or creators of justice, and not something like the Schöpfer -- ladle, scooper -- as in dipping water from a well.
- The bishop's staff, crosier, is called the crooked staff. However, being bent, crooked, or turned means an inverted life, that is, my kingdom is not of this earth; the bishop should, according to this hieroglyph, have no power in secular justice. In the investiture contest it was decided otherwise, however.
- The hand is the sign of ownership, but also of personal freedom. The unfree man might neither give nor take by his own hand, but rather only by the hand of the magistrate; only the freedman had the power of his own hand. Only he, as a genuine property holder might take something away by his own hand.
- From this idea come the expressions to promise by mouth and hand, and the magistrate shall manage the residents.
- The bond (Handfeste, that is, something fixed by hand) is a document or letter ratified by a seal and signature.
- The dead hand -- of the unfree man -- is one that can neither give nor take. The modern concept of dead hand, referring to clerics, is not relevant here.
- The Vehmic magistrate disposed with his left hand. Again we are dealing with concealed sense or underground lore, for Ling (left) = head; he managed (behandelte) and he maintained (behauptete) the sentence that he shaped. The imperial princes at the Imperial Diet disposed with the right hand.

- Hand clapping was -- and is still today -- a sign of approval. The
 investiture of royal jurisdiction without a retinue upon a man was
 carried out by the one being invested kneeling while holding his flat
 right hand in the flat right hand of the king. This was a ceremonial
 handshake.
- To get to the upper hand means to go to a higher court.
- A chopped off hand or an ax on places or on government buildings hieroglyphically indicates municipal jurisdiction or baronial jurisdiction.
- The hand with a sword is the hieroglyphic sign of jurisdiction, designating the supreme censure or the highest jurisdiction, and also the seat of government (the National House in Vienna).
- The gloved hand indicates the protective jurisdiction, the civil court. From this we get the hand token (Handmal) as the sign of the court at a border stead (Malstatt, be this now a stone, a pillar, or whatever kind of mark (Malzeichen).
- A bloody hand takes no inheritance, that is, whoever sullied his hands with human blood would lose his inheritance. According to tribal law it fell to his next of kin. But also no judge who judges with a bloody hand, that is, who exerts capital punishment, may take (confiscate) the property of the condemned man from his heirs. Therefore: A life for a life, the property remains to the heirs, only the horse, harness, gear and coinage belongs to the magistrate, and whatever is above the belt to the bailiff and that below the belt to the hangman.
- Much else could be said concerning the hand, handshake, and other hand signs, but this should suffice.
- The hat was the hieroglyph of protection, and growing out of this, of the lord's justice. In obviously meant shelter (die Hut, shelter) and guardian (die Hütung, guarding). At the enfeoffment the liege and the vassal would grasp each other's hands inside a hat. This signified that the vassal was under the shelter (die Hut) and protection of the liege, but also that the vassal was ready to aid the liege if he needed it.
- The hat on a pole (Gessler's hat) is a sign of sovereignty; the village mayor who came to the auction of a bankrupt farmer's property entered the barnyard and stuck his walking stick (staff = life) in the ground in the middle of the yard and clapped his hat over it. With this action he had taken possession of the farm, by right of his power.

• Women swore by hair and breast: Ir rise das sol sin ir trouwe, that is, her hair (risan = that which grows), that is, her coif, shall be her troth (faithfulness). The breast is the sign of nourishment, of wet nursing, of mothering, of Minne (Minne, Menne, Männe, Manne, Moraminne, Miromanne, Meremenne, and the rest = the woman who nourishes, the wet nurse). Minne is memory. This is why hair and breast is in the saying: Remember the one who grows -- as a mother of future generations it is her duty to be mindful of, and to stand by, truth, justice, and Ar.



Female breasts also mean the same thing in heraldry and architectural symbolism, for example, with the Wibare (ar-wife, see above), the sphinx, and so on.

- Here it should still be remembered what was said above about the hound as a symbol of justice as well as a chivalric sign of shame in order to show how all three levels of the concepts mesh, and how one and the same hieroglyph can be -- according to their arrangement -- a sign of honour or shame. This has only now been made comprehensible.
- · However, there also existed yet another foundation of concealed sense to which the reader's attention can only now be drawn, because this rule will only be comprehensible from the hair and breast example. Above it was said that concealed sense secretly indicates the hidden meaning of words on some other level of interpretation, in which the Wise had to be able to recognise the concealed right sense -- but when the profane hearer perceived and interpreted the word it was only comprehensible according to the listener's level of understanding. Thus there came about many double meanings: Ar (sun) and Aar (eagle); fos (fot, as in fylfot) and Fuss (foot); fos (fot, as in fylfot) and Fuchs (fox); life and lion, birth and bear, Brake (setter) and Brecher (breaker, law breaker), and so on, are all to some certain extent direct concealments, while the examples hair and breast are known as indirect concealments. Now, indirect concealments are based on a transposition of concepts, such as tress or lock for hair, that is, the collective for the singular; such as breast for the concept of motherhood, that is, the means for the end. They stand, therefore, despite the poetic veiling, in very close associations of meaning with the intended interpretations.

For us, the difficulty of interpretation comes in because we have to look for this far off from the modern or usual meaning of the words, and often only after many detours can we recognise the interpretation -- if ever found -- as being one very close to what we sought. In this regard, it should also be pointed out that the interpretation of a word in its concealed sense is never valid as a model for all other cases, but rather each one must be solves independently, even if the solution of one case can be of use as an analogy. The rules valid for such variations just have to be found. Their causes may be discovered in local linguistic customs from the time period in which they originated and in other circumstances; however, in this regard, it may also be noted that even today hard and fast rules without exception are difficult to find. This is because these variations demand free room to play and not narrow limitations. These were living word pictures shaped from the living language, and were felt to be such. This feeling has been lost through overuse. Even today, there is a similar situation with double entendres and wordplays which will surely become incomprehensible to later generations for whom the contexts will have become guite strange. In this regard, it must be expressly noted that concealed sense or underground lore is in no way comparable to wordplavs.

A further condition for the correct understanding of these holy signs, runes, symbols and hieroglyphs -- and one which may never be ignored -- lies in the clear comprehension of pre Christian ethics, as well as pre Christian morals. One can never forget that Wotanism grew out of the intuitive recognition of evolutionary laws in natural life, out of the primal laws of nature, and that the exoteric Aryan religion formed by Wotanism spread a teaching and conducted a mode of living based on the laws of evolution. It set for itself a final goal of bringing into being a noble race, whose destiny it was to be to educate itself and the rest of humanity as to the actual task of human beings. This task consisted of the extension of the work of the Nordic God according to the intention of these laws -- that is, to further the constant process of generation founded on the laws of evolution. In the recognition of the multiune multifidic multiplicity of the All and in the recognition of the eternity of the ego as an individual, which was recognised in all its countless preexistences and postexistences as immortality, the individual conquered the fear of death and led the consciousness of the folk, borne along by such a teaching, on another and a far more certain pathway toward a disdain for bodily death. This led to spiritual as well as physical heroism, to Armanism, and to their being the teachers of all other peoples. Another religious system came and fought against Wotanism in that it disdained the physical and only recognised the spiritual, and ignorantly wanted to inhibit the process of evolution, processes that exist -- and are therefore desired by the Nordic God -- the incontrovertible primal laws of nature. They intended to overcome the fear of death, by denying the preexistences and postexistences of individual selves in physical being, and in its place taught an eternal spiritual life divorced from the physical world. This doctrine would -- if it could win lasting influence, which appears out of the question -- destroy the noble race as well as heroism in the spiritual and physical realms, and in its place breed a population of slaves who would be forced to degenerate into the most dull witted shamanism -- below even the cultural level of the Australian Aborigines -- that is, if the will of the Nordic God, which expresses itself programmatically in the immutable laws of nature, would ever allow such a thing.

Now, because men of our contemporary age are caught up in the ascetic view of a lifedenying religious system, but in spite of this cannot deny the primal laws of nature, a distorted morality had to be developed, which spreads hypocritical appearances over hidden actions. This has brought to a head all those outward forms of modern life, whose vacuousness and corruption are now beginning to disgust us. From the side of this false morality there developed that which the early medieval Germanic folk still called situlih that is, true wisdom. This old word has been weakened to sittlich (moral, ethical, customary) in our modern language, and preserved with a completely altered meaning, which roughly

translates as immoral. This teaching, which accorded with the laws of nature, was openly distrusted as a sexual religion. It hardly needs to be especially pointed out what a healing power just this distrusted sexual morality can exercise today, and what it will exercise in spite of everything, for the primal laws of nature are the divine law of primeval evolution, they are the will of the Nordic God, and therefore cannot be denied in the long run.

It is, however, precisely from the standpoint of this powerful morality (the true wisdom of Wotanism) that the holy signs and hieroglyphs must be examined, for Wotanism lifted women to the level of Goddesses, and lifted the procreative act (fyrfos, fa rune , ge , thurs rune , and so on) to a sacrament, while later cultural periods -- which in a self satisfied manner fancied themselves to be exalted over the previous ones -- set about to take away the divine status from women, to degrade them to prostitutes, and to profane the creative act of generation as a simple vice. For only a few independent thinkers and their students has it become possible to renounce the learned moral theory, with all its hypocritical asceticism, and all its conventional policelike views that hem in all free thought, and to recognise in the old Aryan sexual morality the truly traditional and true wisdom -- which must and will lead our folk to salvation. Therefore, it is only those who will understand and value what is to follow, while the others, according to their inclinations, may be horrified.

Arising, being, passing away to renewed arising is the old Aryan Germanic primeval opens and the ge rune closes the futharkh, the rune three; the fa rune row. Every exoteric system of religion, and so too the Wotanic exoteric Aryan religion, recognised human sacrifice as indispensible in appeasing the divinity. But these human sacrifices are based on cannibalism, which is still echoed -- even if it sounds mythical (exactly!) -- in all religions in the form of blood rituals. Even in the Song of the Nibelungen it is reported that the heroes in Etzel's (Attila's) burning hall quenched their thirst with the blood of their fallen comrades, and in Poor Heinrich we get a detailed report of such a blood sacrifice -- even if it is one mitigated to the level of a healing ritual. So we are really not all that far away from the times of cannibalism. What we call execution today is the last remnant of bloody human sacrifice (The saga of the holy grail and its mythological origin, by Guido von List, Literary insert of the Hamburg News, June-July, 1891, numbers 26-29; The black Maria by Guido von List, German newspaper (Vienna), number 7022 (30th July, 1891), and The association (Bern), 2nd April, 1893). Later, man made the transition from cannibalism to the eating of human flesh, even if the faith still demanded human sacrifice -- prisoners of war, criminals, and, in the absence of these, slaves. Only later did the representative animal sacrifice, and still later the representative bread sacrifice -- whether in the form of sacrificial cakes or the host is irrelevant -- take its place. Esoteric schools already recognised at an early time (see above) that the entire life span in a human body signifies a sort of sacrifice, but only very gradually could they cause the symbols to be transformed into bloodless ones, and to rescue from that faith the people who would have been sacrificed by substituting sacrificial cakes which were formed and named after the intended victims. Even today during the consecration the priest says: This is my true blood! This is my true flesh! He has to repeat this during each sacrificial operation in the most ceremonial manner in order to convince his faithful that the substitute sacrifice is the will of the Nordic God. In spite of this there occurred as late as the seventeenth century so called black devil's masses, or coercive masses, which included actual human sacrifice (examples of excessively hideous black masses, which promoted the development of the most unrestrained imagination, are found in the History of Magdaleine Bavent, nun of the monastery of saint Louis of Louviers (Paris: Jacques the Gentile, 1652), and in Drugs and poisoners, by Doctor Legue, who used the records of the trial against Abbot Guibourg, a scandalous trial at the time of the Roi Soleil Louis XIV which compromised the highest aristocracy in such a way that it had to be hushed

up as quickly as possible; these examples are said to be typical even for later times right up to the present day, as such spawns of madness celebrated their orgies in the mysteries of Satanism, and are thought to even still celebrate them).

If such things were happening in Christian -- relatively recent -- times, how hard might it, and must it, have been for the skalds to succeed in replacing bloody sacrifices with bloodless ones. That they were successful is, however, shown by the forms and names of bread still in use today, which harken back far into the pre Christian ages. But here it should not be thought that they had been able to suppress bloody sacrifice completely, for attitudes and customs that are so deeply rooted only die out very slowly, and always revive again wherever the old faith -- without esoteric leadership -- sinks into superstition, sorcery, and fetishism, such as it turns out to be in witchcraft and the lore of the witches' Sabbath (see my series of articles: Spells and belief in spells, German newspaper (Vienna), 1890-1892; among these: The nature of witches in number 7241 (26th February, 1892), and The method of witches in number 7282 (7th April, 1892); the other essays are in numbers 6531, 6620, 6703, 6880. 6999. 7053. 7093. 7184. and 7297).

These substitute sacrifices were so called sacrificial cakes or sacrificial breads, and they symbolised the human body in whose stead they were brought to the Nordic Gods as sacrifice. Later other shapes also symbolised animal bodies, and still later even symbols or holy signs of the Nordic Gods themselves by which the sacrificer, who consumed the sacrificial food, thought to sanctify himself.

Here we already have the three basic designations: bread, cake, and loaf.

Bread (berod; ber = to bear, to generate; od = spirit, intellect, wit; therefore an artificial product generated by wit and intellect) is considered one of the first products of the human gift of innovation, and certainly the first artificially prepared food, which is already indicated in the

Cake (Kuchen; kok = to prepare; an = origin; therefore, mother cake, to which the idea of birth is attached = symbol of the feminine) was already the first representative sacrificial baked good substituted for a woman.

Loaf, which in some dialects is still called lab Brot, loaf bread (lab = life, body (Leib) of the human, life) is such a representation, which is indicated by the navellike impression in the middle of a typical German loaf of bread such as the Kaiser roll.

As a loaf, bread was designated as being suitable as a sacrifice. Now, however, there occurs in addition to these an absolutely incomprehensible quantity of bread and pastry forms, which appear to be explicable only according to what has been said above.

- The Wecken (breakfast roll) is the male member as the awakener of procreation, symbolically designating the man in order to substitute for him as a sacrificial offering.
- The Baunzerl represents femininity in exactly the same sense.
- The Stangl (salted bread stick) is the staff (sta-fa; sta = standing, steady; fa = procreation; therefore: steady procreation) and designates continuous procreation, while the salt (sal = salvation, hale) strewn and baked on it makes this form of bread recognisable as a talking image of the constant salvation of procreation.

- The Kipfel (cyphen = bowed, therefore also called Hörndel, croissant) is the mood horn, and it has already been shown above how the moon is associated with femininity. The crescent moon as the Wendehorn is, however, also the rune of Freya, who promotes childbirth. A skaldic circumlocution which explains the Kipfel and Hörndel as the golden horseshoes of Wotan's steed which the lucky find in the grass is merely concealed sense, and again relates to the childbearing principle. In the rough of life the lucky ones find the mother of their children, the one who prepares the future.
- The Semmel (se = sun, spirit, soul; mel = meal, to mill or marry) is divided into five parts, and therefore represents the Femstar or Vehmstar or the witch's foot, the pentagram (see above), and symbolises rebirth. The maternal, physical binds (mills or marries) itself to the spiritual in continual return to rebirth.
- The Bretze (pretzel) (bere = to bear; tze, tse, se = to make, and therefore conducive to birth) is in the form of the bar rune, and not, as is falsely interpreted, in the form of a wheel.
- The pretzel, also called a Fastenbretze (fasting pretzel) (fas = generation; ten = to withhold), was therefore a symbolic, holy food, which proclaimed the warning to refrain from sexual intercourse during pregnancy. We may not regard such symbols in a limited way as divine coercion or as coercion exercised through religious proscriptions; they were much more a well thought out and effective means of educating a naïve folk spirit, and as such are the founding pillars of later hygienic proscriptions upon which our society still rests today.
- The Kringel (little ring, cracknel) (kar = to enclose; ringel = ring; enclosed in the ring; or also from krink = circle, that is, the orbit) is the course of the sun, or life, of the eternal return.
- The Krapfen, Kroppel, or Krapfel was the sacrificial pastry which was offered and consumed in the second half of the great festival of beginnings, which we call Yule, or Holy Nights. The first half of the festival, from the twenty fourth of December to the thirtieth of December, stood for the creation of the world and for the past; the thirty first of December was the cleft in time, which divided and bound past and future -- the now; while the second half, from the first of January to the sixth of January, was the celebration of the mystery of the creation of man (generation) and of the future. This then lined up with Fasching (fas = generating; ing = continuous, descended from something; see Ing-fo above). Furthermore, the Krapfen (crap = to tear out or to tear down; fen, fe, fa = generation) served as a symbol of the awakening of life and was therefore the food eaten as Fasching.

- The Fladen (flat cake) (Osterfladen, Osterflecken) was the Easter pastry and the Easter sacrifice. Fladen means pure, and is still preserved in the woman's name Elsfleth. Ostern (Easter) (os = mouth, vagina; tar = generating) is the festival of the marriage of the Sun God with the Earth Goddess, the festival of the regeneration of natural life; the pure virginal Earth Goddess enters into the bonds of marriage with the Sun God -- this indicates the name and form of the Fladen.
- The Stritzel or Heiligenstritzel (holy Stritzel) was the sacrificial bread of the great festival of the dead, that today we celebrate in Christian form as All Souls' or All Hallows'. It is braided together out of three long pieces of dough in a manner similar to braiding a person's hair. The name of this sacred bread (Struzzel, from striuza, stra, stoh = empty, to part with, to take away; and therefore straw, Stroh, as the empty stalk, from which we get the crown of straw as a sign of shame, the straw maid; but stro is also return, and therefore straw widower, grass widower -- so that here we have a picture of death and the coming rebirth) therefore hieroglyphically gave reassurance that we will se our dead loved ones again after rebirth. It is also for this reason that it has the symbolic tripartition of the tresslike form.
- The Vierfussel (four footer), a favourite Yule pastry, that is even today frequently chosen as a Yule tree decoration, is in the shape of the swastika formed by two S shapes cross each other, and it indicates -- even if today it is unconscious, like almost every other pastry shape and name -- the ancient holy fyrfos.
- The Beugel (bowed one) is a subordinate form and subordinate name of the Kipfel.
- The Mohnbeugel (poppy bread) as a Yuletide food points to the moon and man as well as to Minne = memory.

Now, we should also call to mind the Lebzelten (gingerbread tent) of the Lebkuchen (gingerbread cake) -- an old Germanic sacred pastry. Leb comes from the root word laf, from which the word Laib (loaf) is also derived, and now means in the first, arising level: loving, generating, and so on; in the second, being level or becoming level: life, body, liver, and so on; in the third, the passing away toward new arising level: death, fermentation, curdling, and so on, from which we get the lee barrow = grave mound or mountains of the dead. The gingerbread tent therefore also has three meanings, as can be recognised even today in the things to which it is dedicated. It is a symbol of love and of symbolic declarations of love in its forms as a child in swaddling, rider, cock rider, heart, and so on, the forms of which are, of course, hieroglyphs. As festival pastries, so to speak as pastries of life, it has the most various forms, such as fishes (good luck fishes), and so on, while it is recognised as a pastry for offerings to the dead in the shape of a round or rectangular (fyroge, see above) tent. This latter form refers to the symbolic journeys through birth, life, dying, death and rebirth (therefore fruit kernels and seeds are baked into the three corners, which so well symbolise the three great lights). The name tenting (Zelten (from tent, Zelt), that is, tel = generation, hence Telt = the generated, the earth, and Tellus, the Earth God), however, points to birth as well as to resurrection.

In addition to these, however, one pastry of mockery -- of which many existed and still exist -- may be mentioned, which to some extent falls outside the majority of gingerbread tentings. These are actually made in two colours. They are baked out of light yellow dough and are triangular in shape, bulging out like a pillow. They are filled with a dark brown mass of similar dough, which seems to well up out of the light dough through a slit in the covering. This package of very ancient usage is euphemistically called a wind bag, but its correct name is nun's fart. The interpretation of the name must be more exhaustively treated: Nun (Nonne) means lonely, sterile, unfit, injurious; this is why some destructive insects are designated by this word. This word was already present when women's cloisters came into being, and so their inhabitants were designated by an already available word. The pastry and its name therefore have nothing to do with cloistered women. The modifying word is derived from the root word fas, and designates offspring. So the whole indicates something begotten by the unfit, something airy or hollow. The giving of such a pastry was an expression of scorn, usually directed toward old maids, or perhaps in another way that mocked some disability. Connected to this are numerous customs practised on Shrovetide Tuesdays to mock old maids; practices which, however, betray deep meaning. The expression old furniture (altes Möbel) for older, unmarried girls is not in the transferred sense borrowed from an old piece of domestic equipment, but rather directly: old moevel = meovel = unfit, infertile. The unmarried status for a girl was, in that era -- a time in which marriage was held in high esteem for ecological reasons -- no enviable one. Shrovetide Tuesday was the Shrovetide Thing Day, a day for holding court, which was originally held in bloody seriousness, and which only later assumed farcical characteristics in Christianised Germania. Numerous customs remind us of this pre Christian seriousness, among them also the very ancient Viennese folk custom in which the old maids have to rub the tower of saint Stephen's church on Shrovetide Tuesday. This scene forms one element in the program of the different Shrovetide parades every year. This is again concealed sense or underground lore, and is solved according to the code words: old maids rubbing Stephen's tower, alte Jungfer Stephansturm reiben, as follows: mona stafa thurn ri ban, that is, unfruitful steady generation wend wax death or ban; which means: from the infertile, who do not live up to their procreative responsibilities, grows death or curses. The contemptuous insult in German: das Mensch (slut) may have such a curse to thank for its origin. The unfortunate one who escaped death was cursed and forced to do menial tasks of servitude; deprived of her former human value, she was now only an object -das Mensch.

With these examples about runes, holy signs, symbols, hieroglyphs, and so on, neither these themselves nor even the areas in which they occur, have been exhausted -- just think of the thousands of pre Christian sayings. But certainly enough has been shown to indicate that an uncommonly large hoard of such otherwise unperceived mystical signs is present whose meanings are relatively easy to find. But it would have to be the subject and task of a great systematically arranged work to collect all of those signs in their many interrelations, to refer to all the areas in which they might be discovered, to ascertain their exact interpretations, and only on this confirmation to reproduce the old Aryan Germanic picture writing completely -- so that all the scattered pictographic works can be deciphered with complete certainty to everyone's satisfaction.

The task could not fall to an essay of the kind that this one represents. It was sufficient here to show and to confirm by means of incontrovertible proofs (and we Teutons possess a great hoard of such evidence) that the seven seals of the secret of the runes and holy signs have been broken. Emerging from this secret, however, was a direction of special interest for our present purposes; and -- with the omission of other disciplines -- this study was therefore devoted exclusively to this one direction, that is, to the old Aryan worldview as a foundation of the Aryan Germanic philosophy, and to the ethics and esotericism that results from this philosophy. The formation of myths, folk tales, and sagas, and of customs and practices, could only be considered in passing; the same is true of the lore of nature, of the earth, and stars, while history and still other areas of knowledge could receive no mention at all -- for even the main area itself (despite all efforts at thoroughness and exhaustiveness) could only illuminated on the most important be points.

The pivotal point of the old Aryan Germanic worldview laid down in the runes and holy signs and of its theosophical metaphysical understanding, however, rests on the clear understanding of a higher spiritual being -- the Nordic God! that consciously and with intention engendered or created matter, with which it bound itself indivisibly until their passing away; with matter equally indivisible from being -- ruling within matter -- this being controls and develops it until matter has fulfilled the aim for which it was engendered, whereupon it will again be dissolved and a higher form of being -- the Nordic God! -- will again be dematerialised as the Primeval, which it was before the engendering of the world.

From this main point of understanding, the following points of knowledge may be deduced:

- 1. the biune bifidic dyad (spirit and body);
- 2. the triune trfidic triad (the Primeval, the All, the Primeval; past, present, future; arising, being, passing away to new arising);
- 3. the multifidic multiune multiplicity (the ego in the All as All);
- 4. the divine internity; since every ego is a part of the Nordic God, and therefore is immortal as an individual, it consequently only migrates along the way through matter toward eternity through the mutation of uncounted preexistences, present existences, and postexistences;
- 5. the recognition of duty to help to develop and perfect the work of the Nordic God;

- 6. the will to fulfil this duty, because the will of the Nordic God must be the personal will of every ego; and
- 7. the act of fulfilment, through the sacrifice of one's life.

Upon this esoteric doctrine rest all exoteric teachings; the same appear set down in all attestations of skaldic poetry, as well as in all rules of life and hieroglyphic commandments of the skaldic force of coercion (see above). Just to cite one example: Wotanism assures those who fall in battle of a heroic heaven with eternal joy in Valhalla. Whoever was killed in battle became one of the Einherjar (warriors of Valhalla) -- which excluded renewed existence as a human being -- and this was supposed to unite the warrior permanently with the Nordic Godhead. This is an apparent contradiction of the esoteric teaching -- but only an apparent one! The Teuton who trusted in his esoteric faith went to die in battle with firm conviction -- with the power of unquestioned autosuggestion! -- that he would enter into Valhalla as one of the warriors of Valhalla (see above), there to enjoy the eternal bliss of battle and love. This unquestioning conviction -- whether it arose from knowledge or faith -works as a powerful autosuggestion at the moment of death, and where possible this firm spiritual conception is promoted by the hypnotic suggestion sent from afar by a skald, a seeress (Albruna), or by his comrades in arms. This conception (see above) was recognised as spiritual protection, which influenced the conduct of life in the next period of reincarnation in a determinative way, so that such a man -- as the expression goes -- is born already a hero, in that he begins his next human existence already more conscious than others, and he has himself born into appropriate circumstances of life, or when this does not go smoothly, the unconscious power -- the dark impulse -- manifests itself to overcome all restricting limitations in order to reach its goal. Phenomena, such as, for example, a Bismarck, who was already convinced in his youth that it was his destiny to unify Germany, are only explicable by means of such a supposition. On the other hand, the phenomena of personalities such as those who are able to introduce their trailblazing thoughts to the world only at an advanced age, without achieving success, are recognised as spirits who -- only beginning to awaken and to recognise their tasks too late -- are forced to steel their spiritual power against their -- apparent -- failures, in order to complete their unfinished work in their next rebirth, or perhaps in several renewed human incarnations. This is possible if they go into death with the firm conviction of the truth and necessity of their purpose. In this case, they will present themselves in their next human life as figures such as that of a Bismarck, a Columbus, a Luther, or many another (only from the standpoint of this supposition is a previously incomprehensible passage in the bible (Mark, X:29) explicable; there Christ speaks directly of rebirth and of the victory of his idea in a renewed human body: Many will be the last, who are the first, and many the first, who are the last.). Again, only by means of such a supposition is it clear why we often have to look back centuries for the origins of ideas that have shaken the world, how they are constantly suppressed and forgotten but again -- without perceptible inner context -- suddenly flame up again as if born anew to gain final victory. This esoterically explains the exoteric promise of Valhalla, as well as its fulfilment: the warriors of Valhalla who fall as sacrifices for their ideas, whether on the battlefield, at the stake, or by starvation -- the sacrifices of the modern excommunicant, of the boycotted heroes of the spirit -- all find in the conviction of their martyrdom that allconguering bliss and in life after death that state of happiness which determines their next human incarnation and which leads them to a renewed heroid career and to final victory. This is the promised Valhalla: heroic providence in future epochs of life in renewed human bodies.

Those who die a straw death (peaceful death in bed -- see above) go to Thrundheim to become the servants of Thór (Donar). After what has already been said, this needs no further interpretation. Redemption also awaits them in future incarnations, until they are successful in remembering the mission that has become theirs and in fulfilling their task. Thus in the course of uncounted generations all men will become warriors of Valhalla, and their state -- willed and preordained by the Nordic Godhead -- of general liberty, equality, and fraternity will be reached. This is that state which sociologists long for and which socialists want to bring about by false means, for they are not able to comprehend the esoteric concept that

lies hidden in the triad: liberty, equality, fraternity, a concept which must first ripen and mature in order that someday it can be picked like a fruit from the World Tree.

That which I have been permitted to offer here in a brief outline as the revealed secret of the runes, appears at first glance to be quite surprising, mainly due to its simplicity. However, it may not be overlooked that in spite of this, as one penetrates deeper into the secret, it becomes variously interlaced by all the intertwining and apparently confusing lines in the whirl of which one amazingly comes to understand the multiune multifidic multiplicity / unity of the All -- and the Nordic Godhead itself.